

THE PROGRESS.
Clearfield's Family Newspaper.

THE CLEARFIELD PROGRESS

WEATHER REPORT
Showers Friday.

Volume IX Clearfield, Pennsylvania, Thursday Evening, October 8, 1914. Number 35

SURRENDER OF ANTWERP IS REFUSED

DEMAND OF GERMANS IS DECLARED TO BE UNTHINKABLE NOW

Kaiser's Artillery Cross the Nethe River, Furiously Shell the City

125,000 OF KAISER'S TROOPS ENGAGED

German Uhlands Overrun All of Northwestern Belgium, Engaged in Desperate Fighting With French Cavalry Who Are in Advance of the Infantry of the Allies on the Way to the Besieged City—General Bombardment of Antwerp Began at 3 O'clock This Morning—Berlin Claims That Belgians Who Attacked Between the Outer and Inner Forts Were Repulsed.

(By International News Service)
Berlin, Oct. 8.—The war office today made the following official announcement:

"Heavy fighting between the great forces of cavalry continues in the western end of the long battle line in France. In this fighting the infantry only occasionally takes part.

Germans Take Douai.
"We have taken Douai from the French and the latter have been striving to their utmost to drive us out for several days, but have been unsuccessful.

"We are steadily progressing. At Douai we captured 25 field guns, four heavy batteries and many machine guns.

German's Forced to Withdraw
Paris, Oct. 8.—That the Germans have been forced to withdraw north of Arras is the chief announcement officially today, adding that the Germans are not able to advance and the conflict is proceeding with conditions favorable to the success of the allies.

"On our left wing, in the northern region the enemy has made no progress at any point. He has withdrawn at certain points, particularly north of Arras, where the conflict is spreading out under conditions favorable to us. Operations of the two cavalry forces is now spreading almost as far north as the sea. Between the rivers Somme and the Oise, in the region of Roye, the enemy is always in force, but we have taken the greater part of the positions we were compelled to yield previously.

Germans Hold Mhiel
"At north of the Aisne the compactness of the German troops appear to have diminished. At the center between Rheims and the Meuse there is nothing to report on the heights of the Meuse. Between Verdun and St. Mihiel the enemy has withdrawn to

(Continued on page Eight.)

British Capture Two Prizes

(By International News Service)
Hong Kong, Oct. 8.—The German steamer Tannenfels and the American steamer Rio Pacific have been brought in here by British ships as prizes of war.

Painting the Opera House.
Frank Shipley, who has recently started in business, for himself, has received the contract for painting the opera house and has started work on the building.

Germans Defeat Russians, Taking Many Prisoners

(By International News Service)
Berlin, Oct. 8.—The war office officially announced today that the Austrians and Germans along the Vistula have effected a junction against the Russians.

WANT AUTO HORNS REGULATED BY LAW

Borough Council Provides Remedy Against Common Nuisance

AWARDS IN HOSE HOUSE WORK

Paving and Sewering Operations Proceeding in a Satisfactory Manner—Committee to Investigate Matter of Purchasing Electric Fire Alarm System.

Borough council held their regular meeting last night at 7:30 o'clock. All the members of the council were present and some important business was transacted.

The treasurer reported a balance of \$959.22 in the treasury.

Engineer E. W. Hess gave a report on improvements about town and stated that the Spruce street sewer and south Second street paving were completed and repaving of Second street, from Walnut to Ogden avenue, begun. He also reported that the cement base for paving part of North Second street will be completed this week.

Burgess Calahan recommended grading Third street, between the sidewalk and the railroad, in order to prevent water lying on the sidewalks in the winter time. The council will consider this recommendation at the next meeting.

Solicitor Urey presented an ordinance regulating the use of the cut-out of horns and whistles on automobiles, which was unanimously adopted.

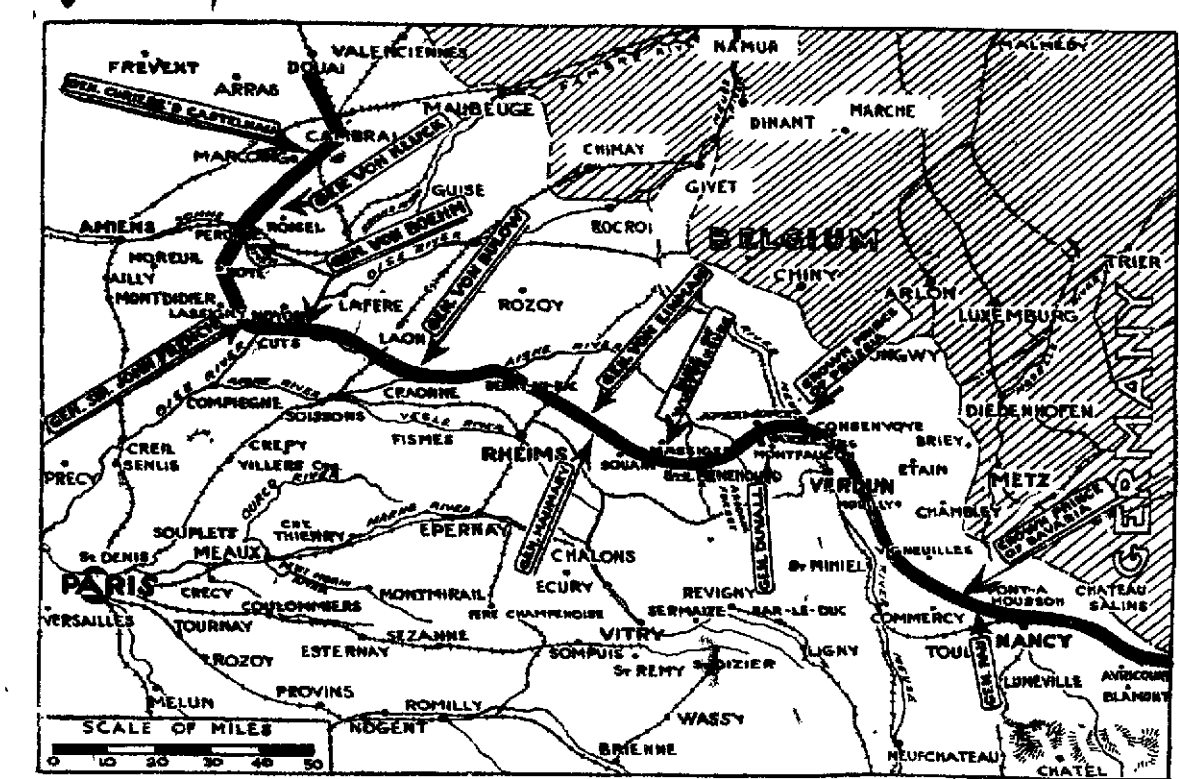
The board of health reported but three cases of communicable diseases in the borough. During the month of September, one case of measles and two of typhoid fever.

James Barton, of the Fourth ward, was recommended by Messrs. Overly and Heck to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of H. S. Buck from the council. Mr. Barton was unanimously elected.

The Firemen's Relief association asked for an appropriation of \$18.50 for Frank Shilcock on account of sickness caused by exposure at the Woodland fire.

The special committee on the erection of hose houses reported that the carpenter work of the Fourth ward hose house had been awarded to Geo. Underwood and the brick work to Cowdick Bros.

The matter of installing an electric



BATTLE LINE IN FRANCE AS IT STANDS AFTER TWO MONTHS' OF FIGHTING.
Map showing the dead-locked battle line in France and the positions of the opposing forces. The mighty struggle on the extreme left of the French forces continues.

fire alarm was taken up and the committee on public property was directed to investigate the matter and report at the next meeting of council, after which the meeting adjourned.

H. S. LITERARY SOCIETY WILL MEET TOMORROW
The first meeting of the Literary society of the Clearfield High school will be conducted by the Senior class on Friday afternoon in the assembly room. The newly elected officers will have a meeting and a very interesting program is promised. Visitors are cordially invited.

MISS CUMMINGS WILL ADDRESS BROTHERHOOD
Miss Sara Cummings, who has just returned from Europe and the Holy Land, will address the Trinity M. E. Brotherhood on Sunday evening at 6:30. Ladies are invited to attend and everyone should come, as this is a treat you can not afford to miss.

SMALL FIRE IN EAST END THIS AFTERNOON
A small blaze was discovered on the second floor of Godfrey Johnson's residence on Dorsey street, this afternoon about 2:30, but was extinguished before the fire companies arrived. No damage was reported.

Judge Bell in Lycoming.
Judge Singleton Bell is helping Judge Whitehead in the trial of cases in the Lycoming county courts this week.

PERRY HEEMAN BACK IN JAIL

Sheriff McCloskey's Diligent Search Has Been Rewarded

CAUGHT IN WEST VIRGINIA

Heeman, who is regarded as a Bad Man, was arrested on the charge of breaking into a store at Winburne—Escaped from jail on September 1, last.

Perry Heeman or Heeman is once more behind the bars in the Clearfield county jail. Perry was arrested in New York state some months ago on the charge of being implicated in the robbery of the Winburne store.

Heeman now serving a sentence for the robbery. On September first last Perry quietly slipped out of the jail when a "trustee" relaxed his vigilance, and Sheriff McCloskey has been hunting him since.

Receiving a tip that Perry was in West Virginia, the sheriff went to that state and located his man near the town of Reedy, arresting him and bringing him to the county prison this morning.

Sheriff McCloskey deserves great credit for having run down this man.

RECEIVED \$1000 CHECK FOR MRS. LEMUEL ROOT

The local branch of the Ancient Order United American Workmen has received the \$1000 check which the order pays to Mrs. Lemuel Root, whose husband, a member of the Workmen, died recently. The promptness with which this money was paid shows the excellent business efficiency of the order.

At a meeting of the A. J. A. W. last evening eight new members were admitted and there are a number on the list awaiting admission. Ed. E. Haman, grand master workman, of Pennsylvania, was present at the meeting last night.

Oyster Supper.

On Thursday evening, October 15 in the year of 1914 the Ladies Aid of the West Side church an oyster supper they will give. You are all cordially invited for your money's worth you will surely receive it. It will only cost you 25 cents and the first on the job will be served the best, so get your tickets, get your tickets. Whatever you do, do not miss it. Oct. 8, if

Nearly 1500 Licenses.

The number of hunters' licenses issued by the treasurer of Clearfield county has almost reached the 1500 mark.

ON THE EVE OF THE BIG BATTLE

Enthusiastic Fans Gather at Shibe Park to Await Opening of World Series

(By International News Service)
Philadelphia, Oct. 8th.—If anyone wanted to Belgian refugees fleeing before the German army without crossing the Atlantic he has only to go out to Shibe park tonight and take a look at the ardent fans lining up at the gate in order to be on top when the word to let in the multitude is given tomorrow—the occasion being, it is to be hoped no American needs to be told, the first game of the world's baseball series between the Philadelphia Athletics, champions of the American league, and the Boston Braves, the peerless of the National league.

Many odd and grotesque scenes were enacted in the fitful light and shade outside the park tonight. Men and boys of all ages stood, sat or lay in more or less—principally less—restful positions. Here and there a gaily-dressed woman sat on a camp stool or a soap box, crawling her way around her with a silver and porcelain mobbing a bit of chocolate. As for the men, the chocolate in many cases came in liquid form and was referred to as "mips."

The queue, as an Englishman called it, was especially long because Shibe Park is not so roomy as other national league fields. Its capacity is about 26,000 and that is about all that will squeeze in tomorrow. Many

THE SCHEDULE

Friday, Oct. 9—At Philadelphia
Saturday, Oct. 10—At Philadelphia
Sunday, Oct. 11—At Philadelphia
Monday, Oct. 12—At Boston
Tuesday, Oct. 13—At Boston
Wednesday, Oct. 14—At Philadelphia
Thursday, Oct. 15—At Philadelphia

Series to be decided by best four out of seven. Place of seventh game, if one is necessary, to be decided by flip of a coin.

a Quaker is mourning that fact tonight, indeed, declaring that whoever is responsible therefor is a criminal and a base person.

The hotels are filled with leading fans of other cities, and in the lobby this evening there was much joshing and some wagering between the devotees of the two teams. The odds favored Athletics slightly ruling about 5 to 4. Few were willing to predict the length of the series, which will be hard fought without a doubt and may go the limit of seven games.

There was a deal heard about the effect of speculators to obtain credit

mous prices, ranging up to \$50 and \$100, for seats. Undoubtedly many pasteboards found their way into the hawkers' hands despite the efforts of the National Commission. Reserved seat prices here are fixed at \$5, \$3, \$2, and \$1. These prices are the same as will obtain at Boston, except there will be a small block of 50 cents seats in the Hub.

Every purchaser of tickets had to buy admission to three games. In case these tickets are invalidated by the failure of the contending clubs to play a third game in either of the cities, the money will be refunded. In case of either a postponement or a tie game, the teams will continue to play in the city where the start was made until two full games are completed. All the games will be called at 2 P. M.

Giving an indication of the interest the American people take in baseball, it may be noted that more than 300 newspaper writers are here to report the series for their sheets. There are even correspondents here from Cuba, which is an extension of the United States as far as sport goes and the Pacific Coast is well represented.

The umpires will follow American League rules, and National League rules in Boston. In the National

(Continued on page Six.)

GERMANS FORCED BACK NORTH OF THE ARRAS

Kaiser's Troops Spreading Out Under Conditions Said to be Favorable to Allies

GERMANS REPULSED IN WOEVRE DISTRICT

Heavy Fighting Between Great Forces of Cavalry in France—Germans Claim to Have Captured Many Big Guns From the French at Douai—Repulsed the Attempts of the French to Oust Them From Douai—Kaiser's Armies Steadily Progressing, According to Berlin Dispatches—Germans Still Hold St. Mihiel and On Right Bank of the Meuse.

URGES DEFEAT OF PENROSEISM

Prominent Italian Declares Himself for Pinchot

PENROSE ENEMY OF WORKMEN

Demanding and Obtaining Defeat of Every Legislative Measure Having for Its Purpose the Improvement of Conditions Among the Wage Earners of this State.

(By International News Service)
Philadelphia, Oct. 8.—Henry Di Bernardino, president of the Italian-American alliance of the United States of America, who has been closely identified with movements to better the condition of the Italian immigrant in this country, denounces Penrose and Penroseism. He declared that the Italian immigrant has been exploited by the system of which Penrose is the exponent in Pennsylvania. He declared himself for Gifford Pinchot.

Di Bernardino declared that in the present crisis which confronts the state, he believes that every citizen, whether naturalized or not, and from whatever country he comes, should oppose to the limit of his power the re-election of Senator Penrose. "Just consider for a moment the condition of the laborer who comes from foreign countries and lands in Pennsylvania," said Di Bernardino. "Under the political system built up by Senator Penrose, these men can be thrown into the most dangerous occupations and if they are killed or mangled there is no workmen's compensation to protect them. In the western part of the state it is a notorious fact that such great corporations as the 'bath tub trust' employ hundreds of foreigners; among them Italians. These men are subject to lead poisoning and other occupational diseases and are left unprotected.

"This terrible condition of affairs can be laid directly at the doors of Penrose and the Penrose system, because at the last session of the state legislature when a bill was introduced to conserve the lives of the men who work in the sanitary ware shops where they may contract lead poisoning, the measure was defeated by the Penrose lieutenants in the legislature.

"This human legislation is in force in some twenty states of our union

(Continued on page Eight.)

Two Bombs Dropped In Paris

(By International News Service)
Paris, Oct. 8.—A German aeroplane flew over Paris and the northern suburbs and dropped two bombs on St. Dennis.

One of the bombs injured three persons. The other failed to explode.

Has Moved to Jersey Shore.
Grover Graham has moved his family from Clearfield to Jersey Shore.

Austrian Warships Sunk And 600 Men Lost

(By International News Service)
Paris, Oct. 8.—More than 600 men, officers and crews, lost their lives today when six Austrian warships were sunk in contact with submarine mines off the coast of Dalmatia, in the Adriatic sea.

Four torpedo boats and two (torpedo) boat destroyers, scouting for the Anglo-French fleet, went to the bottom within a few minutes after striking the explosives, which are believed to have been placed by the Austrians.

The Last Shot

By
FREDERICK PALMER

Turning her back to the range for the moment, she saw the twinkling of the lights of the town and the threads of light of the wagon-trails, and the sweep of the lights of the railroad trains on the plain; while in the foreground every window of the house was ablaze like some factory on a busy night shift. She could hear the click of the telegraph instruments already reporting the details of the action as cheerfully as Broddingnagian officers in their peaceful surroundings. Then out of the shadows Westerling reappeared.

"Westerling of Engadri is ours!" he called. "Thanks to you!" he added with pointed emphasis. Back in the house he had received congratulations with a nod, as if success were a matter of course. Before her, exultation unburdened itself, and he was hoarsely triumphant and eager. "It's plain sailing now," he went on. "A break in the main line! We have only to drive home the wedge, and then—and then!" he concluded.

"She felt him close," his breath on her cheek.

"Peace!" she hastened to say, drawing back instinctively.

And then! The irony of the words in the light of her knowledge was pointed by a terrible renewal of the thunder and the flashes far up on the range, and she could not resist rejoicing in her heart.

"That's the Browns!" exclaimed Westerling in surprise.

The volume of fire increased. With the rest of the frontier in darkness, the Engadri section was an isolated blaze. In its light she saw his features, without alarm but hardening in dogged intensity.

"They've awakened to what they have lost! They have been rushing up reserves and are making a counter-attack. We must hold what we have gained, no matter what the cost!"

His last sentence was spoken over his shoulder as he started for the house.

Without changing her position, hardly turning her head, she watched until the firing began to lessen rapidly. Then she heard his step. She rose to face him, summoning back the spirit of the actress.

"This is better yet! I came to tell you that the counter-attack failed!" he said as he saw her appear from the shelter of the arbor.

She wondered if she were going to fall. But the post of the trellis was within reach. She caught hold of it to steady herself. Failed!

"The killing—it must have been terrible!" her mind at last made her realize to cover her tardiness of response to his mood.

"You thought of that—as you should—as I do!" he said.

He took her hands in his, pulsing warm with the flowing red of his strength. She let them remain lifelessly, as if she had not the will to take them away, the instinct of her part again dominant. To him this was another victory, and it was discovery—the discovery of melting weakness in her for the first time, which magnified his sense of masculine power. He tightened his grip slightly and she shuddered.

"You are tired!" he said, and it hurt her that he should be so considerate.

"The killing—to end that! It's all I want!" she breathed miserably.

"And the end is near!" he said.

"Yes, now, thanks to you!"

"Thanks to her!" he said, and she must listen and submit to his touch!

"Then engineers and material were ready to go in," he continued. "Before morning, as I had planned, we shall be so well fortified in the position that nothing can budge us. This success so strengthens my power with the staff and the premier that I need not wait on Fabian tactics. I am supreme. I shall make the most of the demoralization of this blow to the enemy. I shall not wait on slow approaches in the hope of saving life. Tomorrow I shall attack and keep on attacking till all the main line is ours."

"Now you are playing your real part, the conqueror!" she thought, clearly.

"Your kind of peace is the ruin of another people; the peace of a helpless enemy. That is better—better for her conscience. Unwittingly, she allowed her hands to remain in his. In the paralytic of despair she was unconscious that she had hands. She felt that she could endure anything to retrieve the error into which she had been the means of leading the Browns. And the killing—it would not stop, she knew. No, the Browns would not yield until they were decimated.

"We have the numbers to spare. Numbers shall pierce home home to terms in their capital!" Westerling's voice grew hoarse as he proceeded harsh as orders to a soldier who had tated in face of fire. "After that—that—the tone changed from press to desire, which was still a desire of possession—the first peace, a triumph that I want to share!" He was drawing her toward him with an impulse of the force of this desire, when she broke free with an abrupt, struggling pull.

"Not that! Not that! Your work is not yet done!" she cried.

He made a move as if to persist, then he fell back with a gesture of understanding.

"Right! Hold me to it!" he exclaimed, resolutely. "Lead me to the

bureau! So a woman worth while should hold a man worth while."

"Yes!" she managed to say, and turned to go in a sudden impetus of energy. Half running, half stumbling, the light of the lantern bobbing and trembling weirdly, she hastened through the tunnel. Usually the time for taking the receiver down till Lanny replied was only a half minute. Now she waited what seemed many minutes without response. Had the connections been broken? To make sure that her impatience was not tricking her she began to count off the seconds. Then she heard Lanstron's voice, broken and hoarse:

"Marta, Marta, he is dead! Partow is dead!"

Recovering himself, Lanstron told the story of Partow's going, which was in keeping with his life and his prayers. As the doctor put it, the light of his mind, turned on full voltage to the last, went out without a flicker. Through the day he had attended to the dispositions for receiving the Grays' attack, enlivening routine as usual with flashes of humor and reflection ranging beyond the details in hand. An hour or so before dark he had reached across the table and laid his big, soft palm on the back of Lanstron's hand. He was thinking aloud, a habit of his in Lanstron's company, when an idea requiring gestation came to him.

"My boy, it is not fatal if we lose the apron of Engadri. The defenses behind it are very strong."

"No, not fatal," Lanstron agreed. "But it's very important."

"And Westerling will think it fatal. Yes, I understand his character. Yes, yes; and if our counter-attack should fail, then Miss Gailand's position would be secure. Hm-m-m—those

of shells over the enemy's lines. While other men had grown lean on war, he had taken on enough flesh to fill out the wrinkles around his eyes that shone with an artist's enjoyment of his work. Down under cover of the ridge were his guns, the keys of the instrument that he played by calls over the wire. Their barking was a symphony to his ears; errors of orchestration were errors in aim. He talked as he watched, his lively features reflective of his impressions.

"Oh, pretty! Right into their tummies! Right into the nose! La, la, la! But that's off—and so's that! Tell Battery C they're fifty yards over. Oh, head-eyed gods and shiny little fishes, —two smacks in the same spot! Humph! Tell Battery C that the trouble with that gun is worn rifling; that's why it's going short. Elevate it for another hundred yards—but it ought not to wear out so soon. I'd like to kick the maker or the inspector. The fellows in B 21 will accuse us of inattention. It's time to drop a shell on them to show we're perfectly impartial in our favor. La, la, la! Oh, what a pretty smack! Congratulations!"

B 21 was the position of Fracasse's company and the pretty smack the one that broke one man's arm and crushed another's head.

"The 'God with us!' song was singularly suited to the great, built voice of its composer, born to the red and become Captain Stransky in the red business of war. It was he who led the thunder of its verses.

"I certainly like that song," he said. Well he might. It had made him famous throughout the nation. "There's Jehovah and Brimstone in it. Now we'll have our own."

"But we're always losing positions!" complained one of the men. "Little by little they are getting possession."

"They say the offensive always wins," said another.

"Five against three! They count on numbers," said Lieutenant Tom Fraglin.

"There you go, Tom! Any other pessimists or anarchists want to be heard?" called out Stransky. "Just how long, at the present rate, will it take them to get the whole range? There's a limit to the number of even five millions."

Then the telephone in the redoubt brought some news. The staff begged to inform the army that the enemy's casualties in the last three days had been two hundred thousand! Immediately everybody was talking at once in Stransky's parliament, as he sometimes called that company of which he was, in the final analysis, unlimited monarch.

"How do they know?"

"Do you think it's fake?"

"That sums up to pretty near a million!"

"My God! Think of it—a million!"

"We're whittling them down!"

"It doesn't make any difference whether Partow or Lanstron is chief of staff!"

"They're paying!"

"Paying for our fellows that they've killed! Paying for being in the wrong!"

Stransky, his eyes drawing inward in their characteristic slant, was well pleased with his company, and the scattered exclamatory badinage kept on until it was interrupted by the arrival of the mail. Partow and Lanstron, understanding their machine as human in its elements, had chosen that the army should hear from home.

"How's this?" exclaimed one man, reading from a newspaper. "They're going to put up a statue of Partow in the capital! It's to show him as he died, dropped forward on the map, and in front of his desk a field of bayonets. On one face of the base will be his name. Two of the other faces will have 'God with us!' and 'Not for them, but for ours!' The legend on the fourth face the war is to decide."

"Victory!—Victory!" cried those

who had listened to the announcement. Stransky was thinking that they had to do more than hold the Grays. Before he should see his girl they had to take back the lost territory. He carried two pictures of Minna in his mind: one when she had struck him in the face as he tried to kiss her and the other as he said good-by at the kitchen door. There was not much encouragement in either.

"But when she gets better acquainted with me there's no telling!" he kept thinking. "I was fighting out of cussedness at first. Now I'm fighting for her and to keep what is ours!"

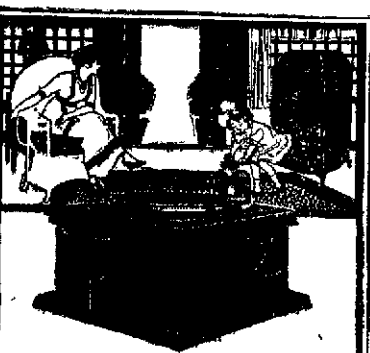
(To be Continued.)

SAGE TEA KEEPS YOUR HAIR DARK

When Mixed with Sulphur it Brings Back Its Lustre and Abundance.

Gray hair, however handsome, denotes advancing age. We all know the advantages of a youthful appearance. Your hair is your charm. It makes or mars the face. When it fades, turns gray and looks dry, wispy and scraggly, just a few applications of Sage Tea and Sulphur enhances its appearance a hundred-fold.

Don't stay gray! Look young! Either prepare the tonic at home or get from any drug store a 50 cent bottle of "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Hair Remedy." Thousands of folks recommend this ready-to-use preparation, because it darkens the hair beautifully, and removes dandruff, stops scalp itching and falling hair; besides, no one can possibly tell, as it darkens so naturally and evenly. You moisten a sponge or soft brush with it, drawing this through the hair, taking one small strand at a time. By morning the gray hair disappears; after another application or two, its natural color is restored and it becomes thick, glossy and lustrous, and you appear years younger.



Victrola VI, \$25
Other styles \$35 to \$50

You are never at a loss for entertainment when there is a Victrola in your home.

It enables you to hear the world's best music whenever and as often as you wish.

Come in and we'll demonstrate the Victrola and play any music you wish to hear. We'll explain our system of easy terms, too.

Shaeffer's Music House
28 N. Second St.
Clearfield, Penna.



The Song Hit "The Message of the Honey Morn" in the Delightful Dancing Musical Comedy Success

"Seven Hours in New York"

At The New Opera House, Friday, Oct. 9.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS OF CLEARFIELD COUNTY.

Bertha Cicconi
vs.
Louis Cicconi

No. 264 Sept. Sessions, 1914.

IN DIVORCE

NOTICE TO RESPONDENT.

To Louis Cicconi:—
You will hereby take notice that I have been appointed by the Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the county of Clearfield, as a commissioner to take testimony in the above case, and that in pursuance of the said appointment, I will sit for the purpose of performing the duties incident thereto, at my office at No. 311, Deposit National Bank building, in the Borough of DuBois, Clearfield county, Pennsylvania, on Wednesday, Oct. 28, 1914, from 9:00 o'clock A. M. until 4:00 o'clock P. M., at which time and place you can attend if you so desire.

E. G. BOOSE,
Commissioner.

3t-wly

DIVORCE NOTICE.

In the Court of Common Pleas of Clearfield County, Penna.
William W. Mitchell
vs.
Annie Mitchell.

No. 261 Sept. Term, 1914.
Sub in Divorce.

To Annie Mitchell:—
You are hereby notified that the undersigned has been appointed master in the above action of divorce brought by your husband, William W. Mitchell, against you, and that a meeting to take testimony of the witnesses will be held before me at my office in the Hagerty building, on Second street in the borough of Clearfield, Pa., on the 4th day of Nov. A. D. 1914, between the hours of two and five o'clock P. M., at which meeting you are notified to appear in person or by attorney and produce such witnesses as you may desire to have testify.

OSCAR MITCHELL,
Master.

Oliver Typewriter Ribbons — the best of the market—may be had at the Clearfield Progress office. Any color of ribbon, price 60c 1' by mail, remit 65c and ribbons will be forwarded promptly.

WANTED: A Bright Young Man

A long established and reputable house — 40 years in business — has an opening in this city for a resident representative. The man will be largely his own; the work is pleasant and agreeable; his profit ranges from 33 1/2% on the business done, and previous experience is not essential. This is an ideal opportunity for a young man of good appearance, wide circle of acquaintance and a genuine desire to make good in a profitable field of work. The earliest reply will receive first consideration.

FOSTER GILROY
301 Lafayette Street
New York

The Very Best Flour That Money Can Buy
BIG LOAF

GLOBE

6 REELS TODAY

Extra Special Vitagraph Feature
"Hunger Knows No Law"

Poverty takes desperate chances. Charity sacrifices itself to aid and protect. The movie of both brings happiness to all.

Lubin Feature "FOR TWO PINS" Comedy

Edison Pictures
"Her Grandmother's Wedding Dress"

A strong drama
Kalem Feature
"The Rhodians and the Renegades"

THEATRE

SHOWING THE WORLD'S BEST Feature Pictures

OCTOBER

"European War Special"
And the world's current events

"The Peculiar Cowboy"
A thrilling western picture

Tomorrow—Friday
"THE GARDEN OF BRIDES"

and
"ADVENTURES OF KATHLYN"

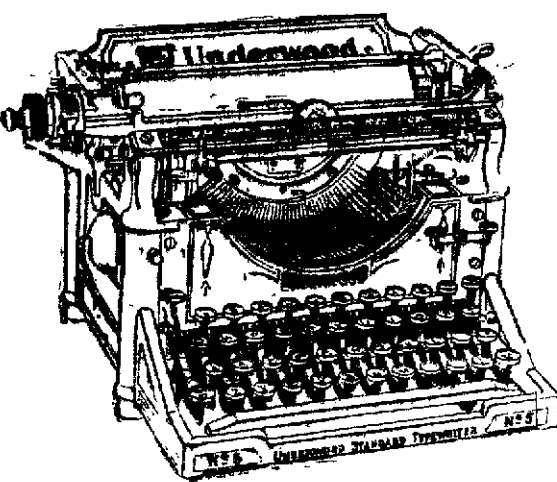
The greatest serial ever known.

6 REELS ALL FEATURES TODAY

A Partial History

of the

UNDERWOOD



First practical visible machine

Winner of every International Record for Typewriter

Speed—Accuracy—Stability

Holder of the Elliott Cresson award for mechanical Supremacy

Surely the

UNDERWOOD

IS "THE MACHINE YOU WILL EVENTUALLY BUY"

1009-13th Street,

Altoona, Pa.

FULL TEXT OF THE ANTI-TRUST BILL

**Imprisonment For Convicted
Officer of Corporation.**

MAKES GUILT INDIVIDUAL.

**Dayton Measure Forbids Price Fixing
to Lessen Competition—Prohibits
Banks With \$5,000,000 Capital From
Having Interlocking Directorates.
Agent of Guilty Corporation May Be
Fined \$5,000 and Go to Jail For Year.**

Sec. 12. That any suit, action, or proceeding under the anti-trust laws against a corporation may be brought not only in the judicial district wherein it is an inhabitant, but also in any district wherein it may be found or transacts business; and all process in such cases may be served in the district of which it is an inhabitant, or wherever it may be found.

Sec. 13. That in any suit, action, or proceeding brought by or on behalf of the United States subpoenas for witnesses who are required to attend a court of the United States in any judicial district in any case, civil or criminal, arising under the anti-trust laws may run into any other district: Provided, That in civil cases no writ of subpoena shall issue for witnesses living out of the district in which the court is held at a greater distance than 100 miles from the place of holding the same, without the permission of the trial court being first had upon proper application and cause shown.

Sec. 14. That whenever a corporation shall violate any of the penal provisions of the anti-trust laws, such violation shall be deemed to be also that of the individual directors, officers, or agents of such corporation who shall have authorized, ordered, or done any of the acts constituting in whole or in part such violation, and such violation shall be deemed a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof of any such director, officer, or agent he shall be punished by a fine of not exceeding \$5,000 or by imprisonment for not exceeding one year, or by both, in the discretion of the court.

Mode of Procedure.

Sec. 15. That the several district courts of the United States are hereby invested with jurisdiction to prevent and restrain violations of this act, and it shall be the duty of the several district attorneys of the United States, in their respective districts, under the direction of the attorney general, to institute proceedings in equity to prevent and restrain such violations. Such proceedings may be by way of petition setting forth the cause and praying that such violation shall be enjoined or otherwise prohibited. When the parties complained of shall have been duly notified of such petition, the court shall proceed, as soon as may be, to the hearing and determination of the case; and pending such petition, and before final decree, the court may at any time make such temporary restraining order or prohibition as shall be deemed just in the premises. Whenever it shall appear to the court before which any such proceeding may be pending that the ends of justice require that other parties should be brought before the court, the court may cause them to be summoned, whether they reside in the district in which the court is held or not, and subpoenas to that end may be served in any district by the marshal thereof.

Sec. 16. That any person, firm, corporation, or association shall be entitled to sue for and have injunctive relief, in any court of the United States having jurisdiction over the parties, against threatened loss or damage by a violation of the anti-trust laws, including sections 2, 3, 7 and 8 of this act, when and under the same conditions and principles as injunctive relief against threatened conduct that will cause loss or damage is granted by courts of equity, under the rules governing such proceedings; and upon the execution of proper bond against damages for an injunction improvidently granted and a showing that the danger of irreparable loss or damage is immediate, a preliminary injunction may issue. Provided, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to entitle any person, firm, corporation, or association, except the United States, to bring suit in equity for injunctive relief against any common carrier subject to the provisions of the act to regulate commerce, approved Feb. 4, 1887, in respect of any matter subject to the regulation, supervision, or other jurisdiction of the interstate commerce commission.

Sec. 17. That no preliminary injunction shall be issued without notice to the opposite party.

No temporary restraining order shall be granted without notice to the opposite party unless it shall clearly appear from specific facts shown by affidavit or by the verified bill that immediate and irreparable injury, loss, or damage will result to the applicant before notice can be served and a hearing had thereon. Every such temporary restraining order shall be indorsed with the date and hour of issuance, shall be filed in the clerk's office and entered of record, shall define the injury, and state why it is irreparable, and shall be subject to review by the court at any time before the entry of a permanent injunction. In case a temporary restraining order shall be granted without notice to the party in the contingency specified in the matter of the issuance of a preliminary injunction shall be set down for a hearing at the earliest possible time and shall take precedence of all other cases except older districts of the same

character; and when the same comes up for hearing the party obtaining the temporary restraining order shall proceed with the application for a preliminary injunction, and if he does not do so the court shall dissolve the temporary restraining order. Upon two days' notice to the party obtaining such temporary restraining order the opposite party may appear and move the dissolution or modification of the order, and in that event the court or judge shall proceed to hear and determine the motion as expeditiously as the ends of justice may require.

Part of Old Act Repealed.

Section 263 of an act entitled "An act to codify, revise, and amend the laws relating to the judiciary," approved March 3, 1911, is hereby repealed. Nothing in this section contained shall be deemed to alter, repeal, or amend section 268 of an act entitled "An act to codify, revise, and amend the laws relating to the judiciary," approved March 3, 1911.

Sec. 18. That, except as otherwise provided in section 16 of this act, no restraining order or injunctive order of injunction shall issue, except upon the giving of security by the applicant in such sum as the court or judge may deem proper, conditioned upon the payment of such costs and damages as may be incurred or suffered by any party who may be found to have been wrongfully enjoined or restrained thereby.

Sec. 19. That every order of injunction or restraining order shall set forth the reasons for the issuance of the same, shall be specific in terms, and shall describe in reasonable detail, and not by reference to the bill of complaint or other document, the act or acts sought to be restrained, and shall be binding only upon the parties to the suit, their officers, agents, servants, employees, and attorneys, or those in active concert or participating with them, and who shall, by personal service or otherwise, have received actual notice of the same.

Sec. 20. That no restraining order or injunction shall be granted by any court of the United States, or a judge or the judges thereof, in any case between an employer and employees, or between employers and employees, or between employees, or between persons employed and persons seeking employment, involving or growing out of a dispute concerning terms or conditions of employment, unless necessary to prevent irreparable injury to property, or to a property right, of the party making the application, for which injury there is no adequate remedy at law, and such property or property right must be described with particularity in the application, which must be in writing and sworn to by the applicant or by his agent or attorney.

And no such restraining order or injunction shall prohibit any person or persons, whether singly or in concert, from terminating any relation of employment, or from ceasing to perform any work or labor, or from recommending, advising, or persuading others by peaceful means so to do; or from attending at any place where any such person or persons may lawfully be, for the purpose of peacefully obtaining or communicating information, or from peacefully persuading any person to work or to abstain from working; or from ceasing to patronize or to employ any party to such dispute, or from recommending, advising, or persuading others by peaceful and lawful means so to do; or from paying or giving to, or withholding from, any person engaged in such dispute, any strike benefits or other moneys or things of value; or from peaceably assembling in a lawful manner, and for lawful purposes; or from doing any act or thing which might lawfully be done in the absence of such dispute by any party thereto; nor shall any of the acts specified in this paragraph be considered or held to be violations of any law of the United States.

Shall Be Held In Contempt.

Sec. 21. That any person who shall wilfully disobey any lawful writ, process, order, rule, decree, or command of any district court of the United States or any court of the District of Columbia by doing any act or thing therein, or thereby forbidden to be done by him, if the act or thing so done by him be of such character as to constitute also a criminal offense under any statute of the United States, or under the laws of any state in which the act was committed, shall be proceeded against for his said contempt as hereinafter provided.

Sec. 22. That whenever it shall be made to appear to any district court or judge thereof, or to any judge therein sitting, by the return of a proper officer on lawful process, or upon the affidavit of some credible person, or by information filed by any district attorney, that there is reasonable ground to believe that any person has been guilty of such contempt, the court or judge thereof, or any judge therein sitting, may issue a rule requiring the said person so charged to show cause upon a day certain why he should not be punished therefor, which rule, together with a copy of the affidavit or information, shall be served upon the person charged with sufficient promptness to enable him to prepare for and make return to the order at the time fixed therein. If upon or by such return, in the judgment of the court, the alleged contempt be not sufficiently purged, a trial shall be directed at a time and place fixed by the court: Provided, however, That if the accused, being a natural person, fail or refuse to make return to the rule to show cause, an attachment may issue against his person to compel his appearance, and in case of his failure to appear or refusal to answer at the time so fixed, he may be required to give reasonable bail for his appearance at the trial and be subject to the judgment of the court. Where the accused is a body corporate, an attachment may be issued upon like refusal or failure to answer.

In all cases within the purview of this act such rule may be by the court, or, upon demand of the accused,

WASHINGTON PARTY COUNTY COMMITTEE

James Mitchell, member of state committee for Clearfield county.

Standing Committee.

Brisban borough—John D. Walker.
Burnside borough—Robert Burns.
Chester Hill borough—Edgar Shontz.
Clearfield, 1st ward—Richard Patterson.

Clearfield, 2nd ward—M.O.A. Sahm.
Clearfield, 3rd ward—Lewis Shafter.
Clearfield, 4th ward—Ross A. Lambert.

Coalport borough—F. M. Hahn.
Curwensville, 1st ward—John Hudson.
Curwensville, 2nd ward—Fred E. McKenzie.

DuBois, 1st ward—A. O. Logan.
DuBois, 2nd ward—Chas. Frey.
DuBois, 3rd ward—John A. Carlson.
DuBois, 4th ward—Morris Paterson.
DuBois, 5th ward—Geo. Cyphert.
Glen Hope borough—Jas. Bratton.
Grampian borough—J. S. Fleming.
Houtzdale borough—George Gance.
Irvona borough—S. K. Ames.

Lumber City borough—S. C. Kirk.
Mahaffey borough—E. E. Bennett.
Newburg borough—W. W. Herd.
New Washington borough—Wm. Estricker.

Osceola borough—G. W. Mattern.
Raney borough—B. F. Allgood.
Troutville borough—H. R. Lindsey.
Wallacetown borough—R. W. France.
Westover borough—J. B. McKee.
Beccaria, Blain City precinct—J. A. Adorn.

Beccaria, Beccaria precinct—Duncan Sommerliver.

Beccaria, Irvona precinct—J. H. Beachey.

Beccaria, Utahville precinct—Jas. Cowen.

Bell, Southern precinct—Fred Albert.

Bell, Summit precinct—W. B. Stephenson.

by a jury; in which latter event the court may impanel a jury from the jurors then in attendance, or the court or the judge thereof in chambers may cause a sufficient number of jurors to be selected and summoned, as provided by law, to attend at the time and place of trial, at which time a jury shall be selected and impaneled as upon a trial for misdemeanor; and such trial shall conform as near as may be to the practice in criminal cases prosecuted by indictment or upon information.

Punishment Provided.

If the accused be found guilty, judgment shall be entered accordingly, prescribing the punishment, either by fine or imprisonment, or both, in the discretion of the court. Such fine shall be paid to the United States or to the complainant or other party injured by the act constituting the contempt, or may, where more than one is so damaged, be divided or apportioned among them as the court may direct, but in no case shall the fine to be paid to the United States exceed, in case the accused is a natural person, the sum of \$1,000, nor shall such imprisonment exceed the term of six months: Provided, That in any case the court or a judge thereof may, for good cause shown, by affidavit or proof taken in open court or before such judge and filed with the papers in the case, dispense with the rule to show cause, and may issue an attachment for the arrest of the person charged with contempt; in which event such person, when arrested, shall be brought before such court or a judge thereof without unnecessary delay and shall be admitted to bail in a reasonable penalty for his appearance to answer to the charge or for trial for the contempt; and thereafter the proceedings shall be the same as provided herein in case the rule had issued in the first instance.

Sec. 23. That the evidence taken upon the trial of any persons so accused may be preserved by bill of exceptions, and any judgment of conviction may be reviewed upon writ of error in all respects as now provided by law in criminal cases, and may be affirmed, reversed, or modified as justice may require. Upon the granting of such writ of error, execution of judgment shall be stayed, and the accused, if thereby sentenced to imprisonment, shall be admitted to bail in such reasonable sum as may be required by the court, or by any justice, or any judge of any district court of the United States or any court of the District of Columbia.

Sec. 24. That nothing herein contained shall be construed to relate to contempts committed in the presence of the court, or so near thereto as to obstruct the administration of justice, nor to contempts committed in disobedience of any lawful writ, process, order, rule, decree, or command entered in any suit or action brought or prosecuted in the name of, or on behalf of, the United States, but the same, and all other cases of contempt not specifically embraced within section 21 of this act, may be punished in conformity to the usages at law and in equity now prevailing.

Sec. 25. That no proceeding for contempt shall be instituted against any person unless begun within one year from the date of the act complained of; nor shall any such proceeding be a bar to any criminal prosecution for the same act or acts, but nothing herein contained shall prevent any proceedings in contempt pending at the time of the passage of this act.

Sec. 26. That if any clause sentence paragraph, or part of this act shall for any reason be adjudged by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such judgment shall not affect, impair, or invalidate the remainder thereof, but shall be confined in its operation to the clause, sentence, paragraph, or part thereof directly involved in the controversy in which such judgment shall have been rendered.

Bigler township—James H. Minds.
Bloom township—Frank Fetzner.
Boggs, Stoneville precinct—George Stover.
Boggs, Blue Ball precinct—C. C. Gearhart.
Bradford, Jackson precinct—J. G. Maines.
Bradford, Bigler precinct—T. H. Stevens.
Bradford, Woodland precinct—J. M. Baker.

Brady, Helvetia precinct—Norman McGee.
Brady, Luthersburg precinct—J. H. Edinger.

Brady, Troutville precinct—A. Black.
Burnside township, Patchinville—F. E. Crossman.
Chest township—J. C. Cross.

Covington township—Celest Veriot.
Burnside township, East Ridge—W. J. Westover.
Burnside township, New Washington—Russell Rorobough.

Cooper, Kylesburg precinct—H. G. Jones.
Cooper, Peale precinct—Brown.
Cooper, Cooper precinct—Andrew Brown.

Cooper, Winburne precinct—Chas. Johnson.
Decatur, Centre precinct—Robert Patterson.
Decatur, Graham precinct—John Fen-ton.

Decatur, Gearhartville precinct—Obadiah Long.
Decatur, Kephart precinct—William Krouse.

Ferguson township—E. E. Owens.
Girard township—William Kirkwood.
Goshen township—Warren Lingie.

Graham, Centre Hill precinct—Thos. Beveridge.
Graham, Graham precinct—J. G. Maines.

Greenwood township—David Patterson.
Gulich, Ginter precinct—Ed. Pettersen.

Gulich, Janesville precinct—John Harrington.
Huston, Huston precinct—Brady Overdorf.

Huston, Tyler precinct—Joe Morehouse.
Jordan township—Chas. Sawyer.

Karthauss, Cataract precinct—J. W. Reese.
Knox, Boardman precinct—Thos. French.

Knox, Carnwath precinct—John M. Fleck.
Knox, New Millport precinct—David Youcum.

Lawrence, Clearfield precinct—Thos. Hemphill.
Lawrence, Glen Richey precinct—Jas. Norman.
Lawrence, Hillsdale precinct—C. G. Morris.
Ashcroft precinct—W. E. Johnson.
Harris.

Morris, Allport precinct—William Denshar.
Morris, Morrisdale precinct—John Ball.

Morris, Munsons precinct—B. W. Williams.
Penn township—James D. Wall.
Pike, Curwensville precinct—Chas. Bailey.

Pike, Olanta precinct—C. P. Rowles.
Sandy, Falls Creek precinct—J. C. Weaver.
Sandy, Sabula precinct—Alex. Bundy.

Sandy, Clear Run precinct—Sandy, Sandy precinct—F. M. Timlin.
Sandy, Oklahoma precinct—D. P. Christian.

Union township—Samuel Beers.
Woodward, Sanborn precinct—D. J. Kline.
Woodward, Sterling precinct—Samuel Rainsley.

Woodward, N. Houtzdale precinct—William Bloom.
Woodward, W. Houtzdale precinct—Joseph R. Partridge.

The Firemen's Benefit.
For three days next week, Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, a musical comedy will be the attraction at the New Opera house. As the proceeds are for the benefit of the Clearfield Fire department, the entertainment will no doubt be well patronized.

WATER CONSUMERS ASKED NOT TO WASTE WATER

On account of the continued dry weather and a decreasing water supply the Water company has reduced the flow of water at the public fountain in the town and requests that the public refrain from the use of hose and in sprinkling streets and lawns, where not actually necessary.

It is hoped that if proper care in the use of water is taken, and wasting it be discontinued, it will not be necessary to further restrict its use.

DANCING! DANCING!

Tomorrow evening, Oct. 8th, at the New Opera House hall. Don't fail to see the Great Demonstration of Modern dances. Dancing from 9 to 12 Music by Wallace and Hoover. Admission 75c to gentlemen and Ladies free.

TEMPERANCE TIDINGS

Research and News.
Edited by
REV. ROBERT C. PETERS

What Bankers in Kansas Say.
"The proposition that business would be benefited by a return to the license system is preposterous. We want nation-wide prohibition." Verne Hostutler, cashier, Centerville State Bank, Centerville, Kansas.

"Anything but prohibition in Kansas is unthinkable. License would be a great detriment financially. I would not go into business where they have open saloons." V. O. Johnson, cashier, Aubie State Bank, Aubie, Kansas.

"From the standpoint of business it is a question of which gets the money, the saloon or the merchant. A fool can tell which of these is best." F. C. Harra, cashier, First State Bank, Alton, Kansas.

"Conditions are much better under prohibition than before. Even when poorly enforced it is much better than under license." R. A. Brown, cashier, Home National Bank, Arkansas City, Kansas.

"The prohibitory law is a great law for the people of the state financially and otherwise." L. E. Womer, First State Bank, Agra, Kansas.

"The prohibitory law is one of the best laws on the statute books of Kansas today." R. W. Ferguson, cashier, First National Bank, Bonner Springs, Kansas.

"I am strongly in favor of the prohibition law. It has done much toward reducing the use of liquor and toward bettering conditions." Alvah Archer, cashier, Farmers' State Bank, Denmore, Kansas.

"The people of a prohibition community are better off financially, because they are not subject to the influence of liquor, which lessens the earning capacity of the individual; they do not indulge in spree and thus squander their money; they lead saner lives, enjoy good health, acquire wealth, pay their bills, and make bank deposits. It is a cold-blooded business proposition." M. A. Anderson, cashier, Farmers' State Bank, Mope, Kansas.

"Years ago I favored local option or open saloons under strict control. My ideas have completely changed. There is no argument against prohibition."

tion."—W. L. Conaway, cashier, First National Bank, Eden, Kansas.
"I have never been cranky on temperance. It took me several years to make up my mind on prohibition. From a strict economic point of view, state prohibition is the only thing until it can be made a national issue."—Mr. John M. Ketchum, president, State Bank of Hope, Hope, Kansas.

"Prohibition is one of the greatest assets of Kansas. Business and economic conditions are both better under the law. Under no circumstances would we return to the license system."—C. L. Cummings, cashier, State Bank of Ellingham, Ellingham, Kansas.



**GOVERNOR'S WIFE HEADS FAIR
TO AID RED CROSS**

Mrs. Martin H. Glynn, wife of the governor of the state of New York, who heads the committee in charge of the Grand Central Palace, New York, and "universal market" to be given at the Grand Central Palace.

A want ad in the Progress may start you on the way to riches.

**The Very Best Flour That
Money Can Buy
BIG LOAF**

WORLD'S SERIES BASEBALL GAMES

FRIDAY, 9 Will be the opening day of the World's Series Baseball Games

BETWEEN ATHLETICS and BOSTON

You will want the complete scores and story of each day's game THAT EVENING.

YOU CAN GET THE FULL STORY IN THE

CLEARFIELD PROGRESS

A direct wire service has been arranged for and THE PROGRESS will give the final results in an extra edition immediately after each game

THE CLEARFIELD PROGRESS

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Washington State Ticket

United States Senator
Gifford Pinchot, Pike county.
Lieutenant Governor.
Ferry F. Smith, Allegheny county.
Secretary of Internal Affairs.
Fred E. Lewis, Lehigh county.
Congress-at-Large.
Lex N. Mitchell, Jefferson County.
Arthur J. Ruple, Cumberland County.
Anderson H. Walters, Cambria County.
Harry Watson, Mercer county.

Washington District Ticket

Congress—21 District.
Guy B. Mayo, McKean county.
Senator—34 District.
Alonso S. Moulthrop, Clearfield.

Washington County Ticket

For Legislature.
East G. Room, Brady township.
Edward Lippert, Lawrence township.
Albertus G. Woodward, Curwensville.

IMPORTANT DATES.

Columbus day, Oct. 12.
Home talent show by Clearfield fire company No. 1, opera house, Oct. 12 and 13.
Clearfield County Anti-Saloon league convention, Clearfield, Oct. 13.
Golf tournament, Look Haven, vs. Clearfield, C. & C. Country club, October 16.
General election, November 3.
Hettie Jane Dunaway, reader and impersonator, at Woman's club, Nov. 25.
Thanksgiving day, Thursday, November 26.
Christmas, Friday, December 25.

October 8, 1914

Good evening! Speak gently to the erring; remember some of the slips you made when young.

Now for a good, long wet, rain.

Old J. Pluvius seems to have forgotten how to sprinkle the earth.

Swat that fly and put an end to the miseries of the baldheaded man.

Why not let that Kane newspaper correspondent loose on the European war?

In the meantime, what has become of Secretary Bryan's efforts to bring peace to Europe?

Borough council met last night and continued its discussion of the proposed new fire houses.

General von Kluck may not be an old hen, but he hasn't had much time for crowing lately.

Many a girl would grow up to become a useful woman if she were not spoiled by her thoughtless mother.

The young daughter who is tangoing about the house helping her mother with the housecleaning deserves a medal.

Get the Progress and keep in touch with the world series of baseball games, which start tomorrow in Philadelphia.

The Russians have certainly placed on the map a lot of towns and other places never before heard of in this section of the world.

Clearfield women will not become interested in the woman's suffrage agitation until after they have finished their fall house cleaning.

Poets whose verses on the European war have been rejected might turn their attention to imitating schools to the old fashioned cider mill.

For a party that is said to be dying the Progressive organization is kicking up a lot of fuss among the Penrose Republicans of this state.

The leaves of the forest are beginning to turn and the air is crisp about as long as it can be before man turns on the first of November.

Shall ministers smoke? is a question that is agitating religious people. Depends upon what they smoke; no minister will appear in his pulpit smoking a corn cob pipe.

A former citizen returning from Canada says he lost all of his crops this year on account of the drought and that when he left snow had been falling in Canada for two days. After

an experience of that kind that farmer must have a pretty good opinion of the climate of Clearfield county.

Second street will soon be one of the best paved thoroughfares in town, a fact which ought to induce property owners in other parts of Clearfield to prepare for paving next year.

More than one million men have been killed, wounded or taken prisoners in the European war, and the light of the dead ought to haunt the rulers who brought on the conflict.

Both Villa and Carranza are receiving arms and ammunition from the United States, and somebody is likely to get hurt down there unless the peace officers interfere in the quarrel.

Now that all of the American tourists are safely at home let it be hoped that they will remain there and save the fellow countrymen from the infliction of listening to their tales of woe.

The late W. C. T. U. voiced the sentiments of thousands of respectable people when it protested against the novelists whose writings have a tendency to increase the craze for modern dances and cigarettes.

The French underestimated the strength of the Germans, and almost a disaster to the allies resulted. That is the situation in Pennsylvania. The Penrose hosts will be surprised when the vote for Gifford Pinchot is counted in November.

MADE IN CLEARFIELD.

While everybody is being urged to buy goods made in America the citizens of Clearfield should not forget that to follow this advice it is not necessary to go away from home for all of the necessities of life.

There are many things made in Clearfield which are just as good as those made in other parts of America, and to live up to the admonition to buy American made goods it should be regarded as a duty on the part of the citizens of Clearfield to patronize home industries and home merchants.

The merchant who buys goods that are made in America helps to keep the mills and factories in the United States running, and the citizen who buys American made goods from Clearfield merchants aids very materially in keeping Clearfield money at home.

Along this line, it might be well for Clearfield citizens to remember that they are not helping the home merchant on manufacture when they patronize the mail order house. The home merchant will be the better able to buy American made goods of the people of Clearfield will give him their support and patronage and not send their money to the catalogue house, not one penny of which money ever returns to the town, not one penny comes back to the workmen of Clearfield. There are features about this buying goods made in America which the Clearfield citizens and other towns should understand more thoroughly than they do.

The mail order houses accept the money sent them by Clearfield citizens: what do the mail order houses do toward keeping up the town? The mail order houses take your money and your home merchant is the loser to that amount, and yet when you want assistance do you go to the mail order house or the home merchant? You get an article from the mail order house at a few cents less than it would cost you at the local store, but does the mail order house contribute one penny toward a new playground for children, a church festival, a fire men's benefit, or any other project in the carrying out of which you do not have to ask help of the home merchant? Buy goods made in America and buy goods made in Clearfield.

WAR AND THE SCHOOLS

In these times when the United States is engaged in a war with Germany the United States is faced with a path with one shoe on the other, it is difficult for school boards to instruct their pupils without leading to the side toward which their own path is bent. But school boards should remember that the United States is not a nation that it is the duty of parents as well as teachers to express their private views for or against the nation involved in the war.

It might be very materially inculcating in the minds of the generation of teachers were to discuss the horrors of the European war instead of discussing the question of who is responsible for the starting of the conflict. If the boys of today can be made to see the evils of warfare, when they become men, they will not regard militarism as the chief aim of a nation. Teach the boys that war is murder and that those who are responsible for the slaughter of human beings in war are murderers and they will grow up to abhor war.

PREPARED FOR WAR.

Germany controls the Krupp gun works, hence it is readily believed that the order of the Belgians for guns for their new forts were held up by the Krupps at the request of the kaiser. These guns were ordered long before war was declared, therefore there was no other reason than that the kaiser meant to go to war with France and knew that he would have to fight Belgium to explain the refusal of the Krupps to provide guns for the Belgian forts.

As the facts come to light there is sufficient evidence to prove that the militant autocracy of Germany intended to disrupt the peace of Europe upon the first pretext, and the assertions of the learned professors and the demagogues who close to the kaiser that he did not want war are now regarded as being based on falsehood. The kaiser and his military family cannot fool the American people, who are intelligent enough to reason out their own conclusions.

Germany's military family have been preparing for this war for the past quarter of a century. They fortified their possessions in Alsace and Lorraine; they directed the Krupps to make guns for no other nation than Germany, and they have been urging Austria for years to forcibly seize Serbia, if she could. Under these circumstances there can be but one conclusion arrived at—the kaiser was bent on war, a war of conquest, in which he was ready to sacrifice the best blood of his empire in an effort to gain his end.

THE TOWN'S BENEFIT.

Although the Clearfield firemen will have charge of the entertainment in the opera house three nights of next week, the show will be more for the benefit of the property owners of the borough than of the firemen. The proceeds of the entertainment will be used toward the purchase of apparatus for the fire department. The firemen expect to use this apparatus, not for their own pleasure and amusement, but for the benefit of the town.

It should not be said of the citizens of any town, that the only time they appreciate the firemen is after the firemen have saved the property of the citizens. Clearfield firemen have been working under disadvantages in the past, and every effort they make toward increasing their efficiency should have the support of the citizens. Therefore the entertainment next week should be given the support of every citizen who appreciates what the firemen have done toward protecting property.

THE WAR-WORN TOURISTS

I learned to take a trip abroad. So dad and ma and I bought tickets for a foreign tour. And bade our friends good-bye. We took our brand-new car along. But didn't bring it back.

Some soldiers seized it when the guns at Liege commenced to crack. We left our baggage all behind. To catch a cattle-train.

My things will be old-fashioned when we get those trunks again: And we who went first cabin out Across the briny blue.

Came back in stuffy steerage berths And glad to have them too. I never thought that I would weep For joy to see once more.

The bobbing little ferry-boats Off Staten Island's shore. Or that against the smoky sky The black, serrated line Of old Manhattan's jumbled roofs Could ever look so fine.

Poor ma will be a nervous wreck She vows for all her days, And dad gets purple in the face, And glares at me, and says: "We wouldn't have been there to feel"

The war-cloud when it burst, If we had seen America. Our native country, first."

—Minna Irving, in Leslie's.

SIX SMALL SMILES

Talk of the Times.

"About this labor war in Colorado" "Oh, those battles are just minor engagements"—Baltimore American.

Overheard.

"Tinker has placed an old railroad sign, 'Stop look and listen' at the entrance to his driveway."

What's the idea?"

"His wife is running the touring car."—Judge

Correct.

"What is a raffle?" asked the boob. "A raffle," replied the Grouch, is a scheme in which you buy 49 chances, and the other fellow buys one chance and wins the prize."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

His Solution.

Puzzled Diner—What have you for dinner?

Waiter—Roast beef, mashed potatoes, and a raffle.

Mr. Planten Explains Why He Withdrew

Albertus G. Woodward, of Curwensville, will be a candidate on the Prohibition ticket for the legislature. The matter was determined lately by the Prohibition county committee, following the withdrawal from the ticket of G. H. Planten, of Westover.

The circumstances leading to Mr. Planten's withdrawal and Mr. Woodward's endorsement are explained in the following letter, written to Geo. W. Underwood, chairman of the executive committee of the Prohibition party.

Westover, Pa., August 31, 1914.
Mr. Geo. W. Underwood—
Chairman Prohibition Party, Clearfield, Pa.

Dear Sir—
At the recent primary election I had the honor to receive from the Prohibitionists of Clearfield county the nomination for the office of assembly.

My name also appeared upon the Washington party ticket. Circumstances over which I had no control made it impossible for me to leave my work during the primary contest. I did not get to see the voters of the Washington party, and was defeated for the nomination.

As I am not in position to make an active campaign for election, I ask that my name be withdrawn from the ticket, and have notified the Secretary of the Commonwealth to this effect.

I am deeply sensible of the honor conferred upon me by the Prohibition party, and my reason for withdrawing is as follows:

Mr. A. G. Woodward of Curwensville was nominated by the Washington party for assembly. Mr. Woodward has a splendid temperance record, and is making excellent progress in the present campaign. Without the Prohibition endorsement, Mr. Woodward stands a good chance of election; with this endorsement, he is almost certain of success.

As it is my desire to see men elected to this important office who will carry out the desires of the Prohibition Party and Anti-Saloon league in the matter of temperance legislation, I ask that my name be withdrawn that Mr. Woodward may receive this endorsement, for the best interests of the temperance cause in Clearfield county.

Very truly yours,
Geo. H. Planten.

Believing that Mr. Woodward's endorsement would be a good move, the Prohibitionists have taken the necessary steps to have his name placed on their ticket. Mr. Woodward is now endorsed by the Washington and Prohibition parties, the Anti-Saloon league and scores of organizations and committees.

entwined lambasted baked potatoes; pudding, milt and coffee.

Dinner—Give me the third, fourth, fifth, sixth, eighteenth and nineteenth syllables.—Tit Bits.

Something Wrong.

"I got a thermometer with which to regulate the temperature of our house."

"Well?"

"But it doesn't seem to work at all. Some days the rooms are hot; other days they are cold."—Seattle Post-Intelligencer.

Excursion Rates.

The excursion train was well filled. When the conductor came around a comfortably seated passenger said to him: "Der ticket takes me two ways for von price, don't it?"

"Yes," replied the conductor.

"Vel, den, shust dell me vich is der way dot cost nodings. I want to enchoy me der free ride."—Boston Transcript.

TWENTY YEARS HENCE

(From the Files of the Progress 1934)

Pine pine timber on the state preserves in this county has been considerably damaged by fires within the past week.

The new coal road into the Mosquito creek region is about completed and it is expected to start the shipment of coal next week.

A banquet of the survivors of the Rattlesnake hunting camp was held at the Imperial hotel last night. Ashley Thorn was toastmaster.

The firemen were called out last night to extinguish a blaze at the pretzel factory on Thirteenth street. Damage slight.

For the first time in ten years an inebriate faked forth on the court house sidewalk last evening, his stock consisting of gold watches and patent bootjacks.

The stockholders of the Ozark Zinc company will meet the officers of the company in the arbitration room of the court house this evening and an effort will be made to settle the affairs of the concern.

Advertise in the Progress.

Charter Notice.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Governor of Pennsylvania on the third day of November, next, by Lawrence J. DePierie, James P. O'Laughlin and Hazard A. Murray under the Act of Assembly entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved April 29, 1874, and the supplements thereto, for the charter of an incorporated corporation to be called Scott Coal Mining Company, the character and object of which is mining and producing coal and the purchase and lease of land, minerals and mining rights necessary to the carrying out of the said business.

The said business is to be carried out by the said corporation and the rights and privileges of the said corporation shall be as follows:

MURRAY & O'LAUGHLIN

Mother's Bread

THE BEST BREAD

CITY BAKERY

NO. 12 THIRD ST.

Clearfield, Penn'a.

GEO. H. LUM,

DUBOIS, PA.

Manufacturer's Agents for Pennsylvania.

AMUSEMENTS

"Seven Hours in New York"

The dramatic dancing craze musical play, "Seven Hours in New York" which comes to the New opera house on Friday night is said to be one of the brightest and most successful musical productions ever staged. The cast presenting this delightful musical mixture this evening is said to be one of the best that has ever had. All have been under the instruction of one of New York's best modern study dancing teachers; as a result the "One Step," "Maxine," "Lame Duck," "Fish Walk," "Grapevine" and the "Fox Trot" are introduced among the special features in this leading comedy revue are Trizzie Mc Joseph, Mabel Davis, Adria, Edith Howell, George Froberick, Margie Newirth, Will Herbert, J. Allan C. and many others including the big beauty chorus. Seats now on sale.

Pumpkin Pie Social.

A pumpkin pie social will be held at the Baptist church Friday evening, beginning at 8 o'clock, under the auspices of the class of Willing Workers. Besides delicious pumpkin pie there will be ice cream and cake and coffee. The public is cordially invited.

A. I. Cole, Esq., has returned from a business trip to Pittsburg.

Oliver Typewriter Ribbons—the best of the market—may be had at the Clearfield Progress office. Any color of ribbon, price 60c. 10¢ by mail, remit 60c and ribbons will be forwarded promptly.

WHITMAN RETURNS T. R. TO ANANIAS CLUB.

Col. Roosevelt as he looked when rapping District Attorney Charles S. Whitman, Republican candidate for governor, most vigorously in the opening speech of the Progressive campaign. Whitman, when he heard Col. Roosevelt's statements denied them all point blank.

SAFETY FIRST

FOR DEPOSITORS OF

Clearfield National Bank

Total Assets, \$1,500,000.00

OFFICERS

James Mitchell, President.

H. S. Whitman, Jr., V-Pres. and Cashier.

W. L. McJunkin, Assistant Cashier.

DIRECTORS

Singleton Bell, W. I. Betts, John Dimeling, W. F. Hopkins, H. A. Kennedy, A. E. Leitzinger, James Mitchell, T. H. Murray, W. H. Patterson, H. S. Whitman, Jr.

"THE BANK OF SERVICE"

Seven Days in the Week.

No time lost on Sundays or Holidays, but interest runs on automatically when money is deposited in our Savings Department.

We'll take the best of care of it after you start to save. But you must make the start and the sooner you start the sooner you can put your money to work where it will work for you.

There is more to this but we would rather you would call and hear it personally.

Don't postpone your visit—come today.

Clearfield Trust Company

The County National Bank

OF CLEARFIELD, PA.

The Oldest Bank in Clearfield County

STATED ADDITIONS TO SURPLUS

For thirty-five years, at the declaration of each dividend, an addition to the Surplus has been made and the practice of thus strengthening the bank is still regularly followed. The results of this policy, noted below, are its own best commentary.

Paid in by Stockholders, \$225,000.00

Saved from Earnings, 865,000.00

Present Invested Capital, \$1,000,000.00

Our Facilities for Serving Customers in Every Department of Banking are Unsurpassed.

We Welcome New Accounts Large or Small.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE

The Million Dollar Mystery

By HAROLD MAC GRATH

Illustrated from Scenes in the Photo Drama of the Same Name by the Thanhouser Film Company

(Copyright, 1914, by Harold MacGrath)

Jones hung up the receiver, sank into a chair near by and buried his face in his hands.

"What is it?" cried Susan, terrified by the haggardness of his face.

"She's gone! My God, those wretches have got her! They've got her!"

Florence was whirled away at top speed. Her father! She was actually on the way to her father, whom she had always loved in dreams, yet never seen.

Number 78 Grove street was not an attractive place, but when she arrived she was too highly keyed to take note of its sordidness. She was rather out of breath when she reached the door of the third flat. She knocked timidly. The door was instantly opened by a man who wore a black mask. She would have turned then and there and flown but for the swift picture she had of a well-dressed man at a table. He lay with his head upon his arms.

"Father!" she whispered.

The man raised his careworn face, so very well done that only the closest scrutiny would have betrayed the paste of the theater. He arose and staggered toward her with outstretched arms. But the moment they closed about her Florence experienced a peculiar shiver.

"My child!" murmured the broken man. "They caught me when I was about to come to you. I have given up the fight." A sob choked him.

What was it? wondered the child, her heart burning with the misery of the thought that she was sad and sad in glad. Over his shoulder she sent a glance about the room. There was a sofa, a table, some chairs and an enormous clock, the face of which was mottled and the hands hopelessly tangled. Why, at such a moment, she should note such details disturbed her. Then she glanced to look into the cracked mirror. In it she saw several faces, all masked. Those men were peering at her through the half-closed door behind her.

"You must return home and bring me the money," went on the wretch who dared to perpetrate such a mockery. "It is all that stands between me and death."

Then she knew! The insistent daily warnings came home to her. She understood now. She had deliberately walked into the spider's net. But instead of terror an extraordinary calm fell upon her.

"Very well, father. I will go and get it." Gently she released herself from those horrible arms.

"Wait, my child, till I see if they will let you go. They may wish to hold you as hostage."

When he was gone she tried the door. They were locked. Then she crept over to the window and looked out. A leap from there would kill her. She turned her gaze toward the lamp, wondering.

The false father returned, dejectedly.

"It is as I said. They insist upon sending some one. Write down the directions I gave to you. I am very weak!"

"Write down the directions yourself, father; you know them better than I." Since she saw no escape, she was determined to keep up the tragic farce no longer.

"I am not your father."

"So I see," she replied, still with the amazing calm.

Braine, in the other room, shook his head savagely. Father and daughter; the same steel in the nerves. Could they bend her? Would they break her? He did not wish to injure her bodily, but a million was always a million, and there was revenge which was worth more to him than the money itself. He listened, motioning to the others to be silent.

"Write the directions," commanded the scoundrel, who discarded the broken man's style.

"I know of no hidden money."

"Then your father dies this night. Grange put a whistle to his lips. "Sign, write!"

"I refuse!"

"Once more. The moment I blow this whistle the men in the other

room will understand that your father is to die. Be wise. Money is nothing—life is everything."

"I refuse!" Even as she had known this vile creature to be an impostor so she knew that he lied, that her father was still free.

Grange blew the whistle. Instantly the room became filled with masked men. But Florence was ready. She seized the lamp and hurled it to the floor, quite indifferent whether it exploded or went out. Happily for her, it was extinguished. At the same moment she cast the lamp she caught hold of a chair, remembering the direction of the window. She was superhumanly strong in this moment. The chair went true. A crash followed.

"She has thrown herself out of the window!" yelled a voice.

Some one groped for the lamp, lit it, and turned in time to see Florence pass out of the room into that from which they had come. The door slammed. The surprised men heard the key click.

She was free. But she was no longer a child.

CHAPTER V.

The Problem of the Sealed Box.

"Jones!"

Jones kept saying to himself that he must strive to be calm, to think, think. Despite all his warnings, the warnings of Norton, she had tricked them and run away. It was maddening. He wanted to rave, tear his hair, break things. He tramped the hall. It would be wasting time to send for the police. They would only putter about fruitlessly. The Black Hundred knew how to arrange these abductions.

How had she succeeded in doing it? No one had entered the house that day without his being present. There had been no telephone call he had not heard the gist of, nor any letters he had not first glanced over. How had they done it? Suddenly into his mind flashed the remembrance of the candle-light under Florence's door the night before. In a dozen bounds he was in her room, searching drawers, paper boxes, baskets. He found nothing. He returned in despair to Susan, who, during all this turmoil, had sat as if frozen in her chair.

"Speak!" he cried. "For God's sake, say something, think something! Those devils are likely to torture her, hurt her!" He leaned against the wall, his head on his arm.

When he turned again he was calm. He walked with bent head toward the door, opened it and stood upon the threshold for a space. Across the street a shadow stirred, but Jones did not see it. His gaze was attracted by something which shone dimly white on the walk just beyond the steps. He ran to it. A crumpled letter, undressed. He carried it back to the house, smoothed it out and read its contents. Florence in her haste had dropped the letter.

He clutched it to his hat, put it on and ran to Susan.

"Here!" he cried, holding out an automatic. "If anyone comes in that you don't know, shoot! Don't ask questions, shoot!"

"I'm afraid!" She breathed with difficulty.

"Afraid?" he roared at her. He put the weapon in her hand. It slipped and thudded to the floor. He stooped for it and slammed it into her lap. "You love your life and honor. You'll

shoot!"

"I'll try," she said almost inaudibly.

"What did they do to you?"

"He said he was my father. . . . He put his arms around me. . . . And I knew!"

"Horrible, horrible!" she said almost inaudibly.

"What did they do to you?"

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"He said he was my father. . . . He put his arms around me. . . . And I knew!"

KNOW how to shoot when the time comes. Now, attend to me. If I'm not back here by ten o'clock, turn this note over to the police. If you can't do that, then God help us all! And with that he ran from the house.

Susan eyed the revolver with growing terror. For what had she left the peace and quiet of Miss Farlow's; assassination, robbery, thieves and kidnappers? She wanted to shriek, but her throat was as dry as paper. Gingly she touched the pistol. The cold steel sent a thrill of fear over her. He hadn't told her how to shoot it!

Two blocks down the street, up an alley, was the garage wherein Hargrave had been wont to keep his car. Toward this Jones ran with the speed of a track athlete. There might be half a dozen taxicabs about, but he would not run the risk of engaging any one of them. The Black Hundred was capable of antcipating his every movement.

The shadow across the street stood undecided. At length he concluded to give Jones ten minutes in which to return. If he did not return within that time, the watcher would go up to the drug store and telephone for instructions.

But Jones did not come back.

"Where's Howard?" he demanded.

"Hello, Jones; what's up?"

"Howard, get that car out at once!"

"Out she comes. Wait till I give her radiator a bucket of water. Gee!" whispered Howard, whom Hargrave often used as his chauffeur, "get on to his ribs! First time I ever saw him awake. I wonder what's doing? You never know what's back of those mummy-faced headwaiters. . . . All right, Jones!"

The chauffeur jumped into the car and Jones took the seat beside him.

"Where to?"

"Number 78. . . and the rest of it trailed away, smothered in the violent thunder of the big six engines.

During the car's flight several policemen hailed it without success. Down this street, up that, round this corner, 50 miles an hour, and all the while Jones shouted: "Faster, faster!"

Within twelve minutes from the time it left the garage, the car stopped opposite No. 78 Grove street, and Jones got out.

"Wait here, Howard. If several men come rushing out, or I don't appear within ten minutes, fire your gun a couple of times for the police. I don't want them if we can manage without. They'd only bungle."

"All right, Mr. Jones," said the chauffeur. He had, in the past quarter of an hour, acquired a deep and lasting respect for the butler's chair. He was a regular fellow, for all his brass buttons.

As Jones reached the curb, Florence came forth as if on invisible wings. Jones caught her by the arm. She flung him aside with a strength he had not dreamed existed in her slim body. "Florence, I am Jones!"

She stopped, recognized him, and without a word ran across the street to the automobile and climbed into the tonneau. Jones followed immediately.

"Home!"

The car shot up the dimly lighted street, shone palely for a second under the corner lamp, and vanished.

"Ah, child, child!" groaned the man at her side. All the tenseness gone from his body. He was Jones again.

Still she did not speak but stared ahead with unseeing eyes.

No further reproach fell from the butler's lips. It was enough that God had guided him to her at the appointed moment. He felt assured that never again would she be drawn into any trap. Poor child! What had they said to her, done to her? How, in God's name, had she escaped from them who never let anybody escape? Presently she would become normal, and then she would tell him.

"I found the lying note. You dropped it."

"Horrible, horrible!" she said almost inaudibly.

"What did they do to you?"

"He said he was my father. . . . He put his arms around me. . . . And I knew!"

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"He said he was my father. . . . He put his arms around me. . . . And I knew!"

The Big Laughing Song Play

SEVEN HOURS

* IN *

NEW YORK

BIG COMPANY OF WELL KNOWN ARTISTS

Seats now on Sale Prices 25-50-75-1 00

ORDER A CASE TODAY

Drink

MOXIE

"Knew what?"

"That he lied. I can't explain."

"Don't try!"

Suddenly she laid her head against the butler's shoulder and cried. It was terrible to hear youth weep in this fashion. Jones put his arm about her, and tried to console her.

"Horrible!" she murmured between the violent hicoughs. "I was wrong, wrong! Forgive me!"

Unconsciously the arm sustaining her drew her closer.

"Never mind," he consoled. "Tell me one what has happened. Go about as usual. Don't let even Susan know. Whatever your poor father did was for your sake. He wanted you to be happy, without a care in the world."

"I promise." And gradually the sobs ceased. "But I feel so old, Jones, so very old. I threw over the lamp. I threw a chair through the window. They thought that it was I who had jumped out. That gave me the necessary pause. I don't understand how I did it. I wasn't frightened at all till I gained the street."

They found Susan still seated in the chair, the automatic in her lap. She had not moved in all this time!

Braine paced the apartment of the Princess Perigoff. From the living room to the boudoir and back, fully twenty times. From the divan Olga watched him nervously. He was like a tiger, fresh in captivity. All at once he paused in front of her.

(To be Continued)

OLIVE OIL! OLIVE OIL!

We have just received several Demijohns of the Strictly Pure Imported Italian Oil. This oil is far superior in quality than any other oil, and is in full compliance with the United States Pharmacopoeia. We put this oil up in any quantity you want.

\$1.00 per quart.
50c per pint.
25c per 1/2 pint.

R. G. Shaw Grocery Co.

THE NEW DRAYMAN

HARRY HEATON

Has the best Coal for sale and Light Draying

Call W. G. Heaton, H. & C. Phone

Autos For Hire!

For any Occasion

2 Cars. Prices Reasonable

Lawrence C. Barret

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WORLD SERIES BASEBALL GAMES

ATHLETICS VS. BOSTON

On the Electric Score Board at **OPERA HOUSE**, COMMENCING **FRIDAY, OCT. 9**

Continuing Throughout the Series Every Move of Game by Direct Wire

DOORS OPEN AT 1:30 GAME CALLED 2:00

Admission 25c



The music of the Victrola is always enjoyable

After you have been motoring and enjoying the beauties of nature, you can come home and enjoy the beauties of song on the Victrola.

And when a stormy day comes along and you have to stay indoors, you will be doubly glad to have a Victrola.

Stop in and we will play any music you wish to hear. We'll show you the various styles of the Victor and Victrola—\$10 to \$300—and explain our system of easy terms.

W. F. FREDERICK PIANO CO.

E. E. SMITH, MANAGER

CLEARFIELD, PA.

\$10,000 PRIZE COUPON

Clip 12 of these coupons from the Daily Progress, and present them at the office with \$1.00, and you will receive the Movie Pictorial for one year, plus a reprint of all Burns articles.

This Offer Applies to Regular Subscribers Only

THE CLEARFIELD PROGRESS, Clearfield, Penna.

Enclosed find \$1.00 and 12 coupons. Please send me the Movie Pictorial for one whole year plus reprints of the Burns articles. I am a regular subscriber of the Progress.

Name _____

Address _____

Thursday October 8.

New Central Restaurant

NOOLAS BROS., Proprietors

Daily Special: Meals 25c

Dinner 10:30 to 2:30 Supper 5 to 8 Short Meals 20c

Special Breakfast every morning: Hot cakes, bread and butter, coffee, potatoes, beans and steak, 20c.

FOR QUICK SERVICE FOR CLEAN COOKING FOR THE FINEST DISHES

GO TO

New Central Restaurant,

18 Second Street. Clearfield, Pa.

Meal Tickets, 25 Meals For \$5

READY! AIM! FIRE!

Millions of men on the European battlefield are today mechanically obeying this command. May we call you to "Attention" to thoughtfully consider the same words in the form of a reminder rather than a command.

We are now READY with our fall line of Heating Stoves in both single and double heaters and in the selection of same it has been our AIM to select the one essential thing in a heating stove and that is its Heat Radiating Qualities rather than useless supposed advantages that add expense for mere show. A stove to stand FIRE and radiate heat must have the firebox and combustion space constructed in correct proportion, of good material by general good workmanship. In seeking this we have not lost sight of the fact that beautiful and symmetrical lines may be combined with these qualifications and have selected accordingly. It will give us pleasure to give you the pass word and show you through "our line." We have no fortifications at the door, no Aircraft, no Submarines. YOU ARE WELCOME.

TELEPHONE ORDERS RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION

Clearfield Hardware Co., 125 Market St.



"She Has Thrown Herself Out of the Window!"

HUNTING SEASON OPENS OCT. 15

The Open Season for Pheasants and Squirrels is From October 15 to November 30

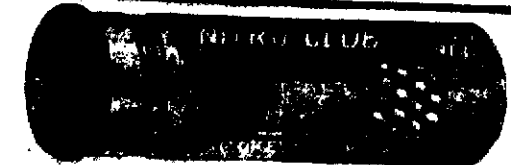
Do You Want a Gun?

Single Barrel, Double Barrel or Repeater? We have them all

Repeaters in Winchester—both hammerless and with hammer. Remington and Marlin. In 20, 16 and 20 Gauge Double Barreled guns in Ithaca, Fox, Lefever, U. S. A., and other makes from \$15 to \$30.

HARDER'S GUN WORKS

Oppo. Witmr Inn Clearfield, Penn'a.



BLACK POWDER LOADED SHELLS

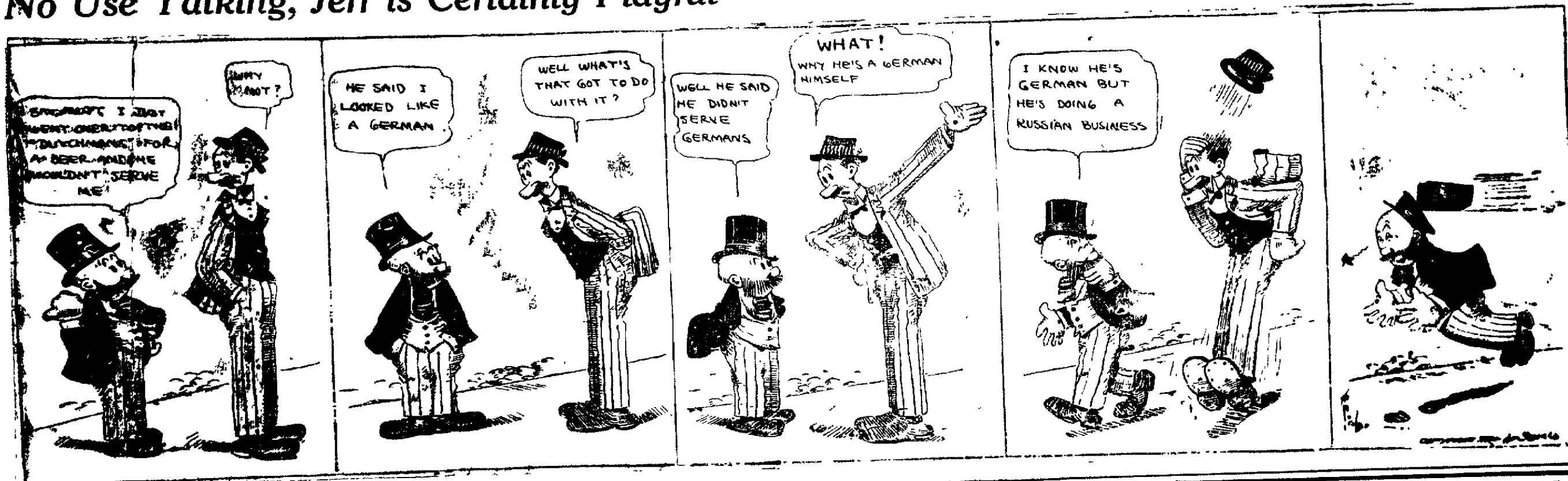
39c per box.

Ask for Copy of the Game Laws—FREE

SPORTS PAGE

No Use Talking, Jeff is Certainly Playful

"Bud" Fisher



ON THE EVE OF THE BIG BATTLE

(Continued from 1st page.)

League on an infield fly, base runners may stand away from the base, and in case the fly is dropped they can go down to the next base at their own peril without first returning to the base they occupied and touching it.

In the American League, base runners must return to the base, not leave it until the ball is caught or strikes the ground or a player.

There is another slight difference. It is the rule on balks. In the National League, if a pitcher drops a ball while in the act of pitching it, it must be called a balk, and all base runners advance one base. If there is a man on third he is permitted to score. In the American League it is not a balk, runners taking chances on being put out if they try to advance on the misplay.

The umpires themselves will decide from day to day who shall officiate behind the plate. President Tener has selected Klem and Byran as umpires for the National League, while President Ban B. Johnson has picked Dingen and Hildebrand for the American League.

So much has been written and printed about the respective strengths of the two teams in the various departments of play that fans must now be thoroughly informed. However, it would do no harm to run over the main points, something as a school-boy runs over his outline just before entering the door of the dread exam hall.

The Athletics' first claim in "the dope" is based on their winning of the world's championship last year. They are a steady lot, a wonderful machine, which has seldom failed for two seasons. But, on the other hand, their record recently has not approached that of the Braves. These Boston boys came up from the last place to the leadership of the National League in six weeks. This is an achievement, which must place George Stallings in the Napoleon class as a manager. His admirers say he is the greatest baseball general who ever planned and executed a campaign.

Stallings' sensations are untold, however, as far as World's series play is concerned. We know what the Athletics can do in a world's series, but there's an uncertainty about the Hub aggregation.

Considering the matter in the most cool and calculating manner the Athletics should win on statistics with little trouble. However, statistics are barred from the diamond much more effectually than notes are barred from the examination room. They don't count at all when three men are on bases and somebody is taking a whang at the sphere.

With three really remarkable pitchers like James, Rudolph and Tyler going at their best the batting prowess of the Athletics may receive a setback. Boston partisans maintain that the Mackmen will not be able to hammer the pitching of the Boston triple alliance.

But the same thing was said in 1910 about the Cub pitchers, Brown, Overall and Pfeister. Yet the Mackmen pounded them into oblivion without trouble. They did the same thing in 1911 to the Giant pitching staff, when Matthewson, Marquard and Tesreau were supposed to be at the zenith of their pitching form.

heavy hitting club is always dangerous. It is apt to hit all kinds of pitching at all times.

Another suggestion for contemplation. It is not reasonable to believe that under normal conditions a club of Boston's calibre could ride roughshod over every club in the National League on its merits alone. The fact is that the opposition in the National League this year has been much weaker than in several seasons.

The Athletics are slightly superior to the Braves in base-running. Their average programme is a little larger. In Eddie Collins they have a magnificent base-stealer. He is even better than Johnny Evers in this specialty. Columns have been written in comparison of these two baseball stars. Probably no one will ever be able to decide finally which is the greater.

Both teams have magnificent catchers. Gowdy, the Boston youngster, is heady and cool and shows good judgment in signalling for balls. Schanz, in addition to being a great backstop is a hard hitter. Both men have fine throwing arms.

In hitting the Braves have been recently slightly above the Athletics on form. The Braves, too, have fielded better than the Athletic regulars. The best three Athletic pitchers are about the equal so far as one can measure such things, to the great Boston triumvirate.

Then there is the psychological factor to consider. The Braves are confident with repeated victories. Their great rush upward has filled their hearts with hopes for the greatest honor possible. The Athletics on the other hand, have been in somewhat of a slump. Their form the last half of the season has fallen off slightly.

The greatest factor remains to be mentioned. This is luck. The team which "gets the breaks" will probably win. Some John McGraw, for instance, go so far as to call luck 70 per cent of baseball. This probably is an overestimate, but luck is never to be overlooked. Remember how Rohe, a substitute in the White Sox delivered back in 1906 two hits that gave the Sox the championship of the world? Rohe was regarded as the weakest hitter on the team! Here also should be resurrected the celebrated miff of Snodgrass which gave the Red Sox the title of 1912.

Experience has shown that a team runs true to form in a world series. The extra strain does not tell on the men's playing. Baseball players are not given to "nerves" anyway. Pure luck effects the result, but the men are shown by history to field and bat just about as well as they ordinarily do. This fact may be taken as an argument for the chances of the Athletics.

In calculating how many games the series will go it may be remembered that not once in the ten series which have taken place has a team won in the minimum of four games. The series has been finished five times in five games.

Here is the official eligible list of players:

Athletics—Connie Mack, Mgr., Baker, Barry, Bender, Bressler, Bush, Collins, Coombs, Davies, Davis, Kopf, Lepp, McAvoy, Melnis, Murphy, Oldring, Pennock, Plank, Schanz, Strunk, Thomas, Thompson, Walsh, Wyckoff and Shawkey.
Boston—George Stallings, Mgr., Cather, Coombs, Connolly, Cottrill, Crutcher, Davis, Deal, Devore, Dugery, Evans, Foster, Gowdy, Hess, James, Maravich, Mann, Martin, Mitchell, Moran, Rudolph, Schmidt, Smith, Tyler, Whaling, Willet, Strand.



MEN MATTY TRAINS TO HUMBLE ATHLETICS.

George Tyler (at left) and Dick Rudolph, premier twirlers of Boston B. Aves. Insert picture of Christy Mathewson the Giant star.

Having been cheated out of the opportunity to meet the Athletics for the world's championship themselves, Manager McGraw and Christy Mathewson are anxious that when the Braves meet them they shall beat them. In order to better insure the end they desire both men have volunteered to coach the Braves for the world's series.

NEW OPERA HOUSE

FEATURING THE BIG UNIVERSAL PROGRAM
5 REELS---TO-NIGHT, OCT. 8th

"The Astex Treasure"

A Mexican Drama in 2 Acts

"The Deer Hunter"---Universal

→ This Way to the Opera House

"Waverly" Oils and Gasolines

Gasolines—Lubricants—Wax—Specialties,
Waverly Oil Works Co., Pittsburgh

CLASSIFIED WANTS

Rate—One cent per word each insertion. Minimum charge Ten Cents. Positions Wanted Free. No charge will be made to persons desiring positions. Phone Your Want-Ads.

HUSTLING man or woman under 50. Fraternal insurance. Protected territory. Big money. Write quick. I-L-U. 2470—Covington, Ky

WANTED: Job at work of any kind by a willing young man. Call 514 Spruce street.

LOST — Loose lead pencil, with name and address of owner on the inside. Valued as a gift. Finder please return same to Progress office.

FOR SALE:—Smith Premier typewriter, model No. 4. In excellent condition. A bargain at \$15.00. Raymond Reed, 507 Turnpike avenue.

Coal. No 1 coal delivered on short notice. Call on or address J. E. Sunderland, H. C. phone.

LOST:—Baby's ring, with initial "C" between Sixth street and hospital. West Side, Finder report to Progress office and receive reward.

PUBLIC SALE—Will sell all my household goods and furnishings at public sale at 1 P. M. October 14, 1914 Daisy street.

F. P. KABEL. Help wanted—You can always secure the best kind of domestic or office help by using the Progress classified ads.

WANTED. WORK:—Young man of good character, strictly sober, would like steady position of any kind. Best of reference. Address B. care Progress.

WANTED—Work by the day, or will go out to do washing. Call at Progress office.

WANTED:—Woman wants work by the day. Address L. Care of Progress.

FOR SALE:—A kind gentle driving horse. Reasonable price. Singer Sewing Machine Co.

Cooked Food Sale. A cooked food sale will be held at office of Penn Public Service company on Saturday, October 10, by the Womans club.

FOR SALE:—1914 Two-Speed Tourist Standard Model Indian Motorcycle. Equipped with electric head and tail lights, storage batteries, electric horn, speedometer, tandem, filter, clock and full set tools. Machine run only 1,500 miles and is in perfect condition. Price \$225. Raymond D. Brett, 602 Daisy street.

Oliver Typewriter Ribbons — the best on the market — may be had at the Clearfield Progress office. Any color of ribbon, price 50c. If by mail, remit 50c and ribbons will be forwarded promptly.

Firemen's Benefit

Clearfield Opera House

October 12, 13, 14, 1914

Pretty Musical Comedy

300 People in the Cast

Pretty Girls

Lilting Choruses

Handsome Costumes

Benefit Clearfield Fire Co. No. 1.

Prices 50c, 75c

DANCING

DANCING

Thursday Evening, Oct. 8th

AT NEW OPERA HOUSE HALL

Don't Fail to See the Great Demonstration of Modern Dances

Dancing from 9 to 12. Music by Wallace and Hoover

It Pays to Advertise in The Progress

SURRENDER OF ANTWERP IS REFUSED

DEMAND OF GERMANS IS DECLARED TO BE UNTHINKABLE NOW

Kaiser's Artillery Cross the Nethe River, Furiously Shell the City

125,000 OF KAISER'S TROOPS ENGAGED

German Uhlands Overrun All of Northwestern Belgium, Engaged in Desperate Fighting With French Cavalry Who Are in Advance of the Infantry of the Allies on the Way to the Besieged City—General Bombardment of Antwerp Began at 3 O'clock This Morning—Berlin Claims That Belgians Who Attacked Between the Outer and Inner Forts Were Repulsed.

(By International News Service)
Berlin, Oct. 8.—The war office today made the following official announcement:

"Heavy fighting between the great forces of cavalry continues in the western end of the long battle line in France. In this fighting the infantry only occasionally takes part.

Germans Take Douai.
"We have taken Douai from the French and the latter have been striving to their utmost to drive us out for several days, but have been unsuccessful.

"We are steadily progressing. At Douai we captured 25 field guns, four heavy batteries and many machine guns.

German's Forced to Withdraw
Paris, Oct. 8.—That the Germans have been forced to withdraw north of Arras is the chief announcement officially today, adding that the Germans are not able to advance and the conflict is proceeding with conditions favorable to the success of the allies.

"On our left wing, in the northern region the enemy has made no progress at any point. He has withdrawn at certain points, particularly north of Arras, where the conflict is spreading out under conditions favorable to us. Operations of the two cavalry forces is now spreading almost as far north as the sea. Between the rivers Somme and the Oise, in the region of Roye, the enemy is always in force, but we have taken the greater part of the positions we were compelled to yield previously.

Germans Hold Miihel
"At north of the Aisne the compactness of the German troops appear to have diminished. At the center between Rheims and the Meuse there is nothing to report on the heights of the Meuse. Between Verdun and St. Mihiel the enemy has withdrawn to

(Continued on page Eight.)

British Capture Two Prizes

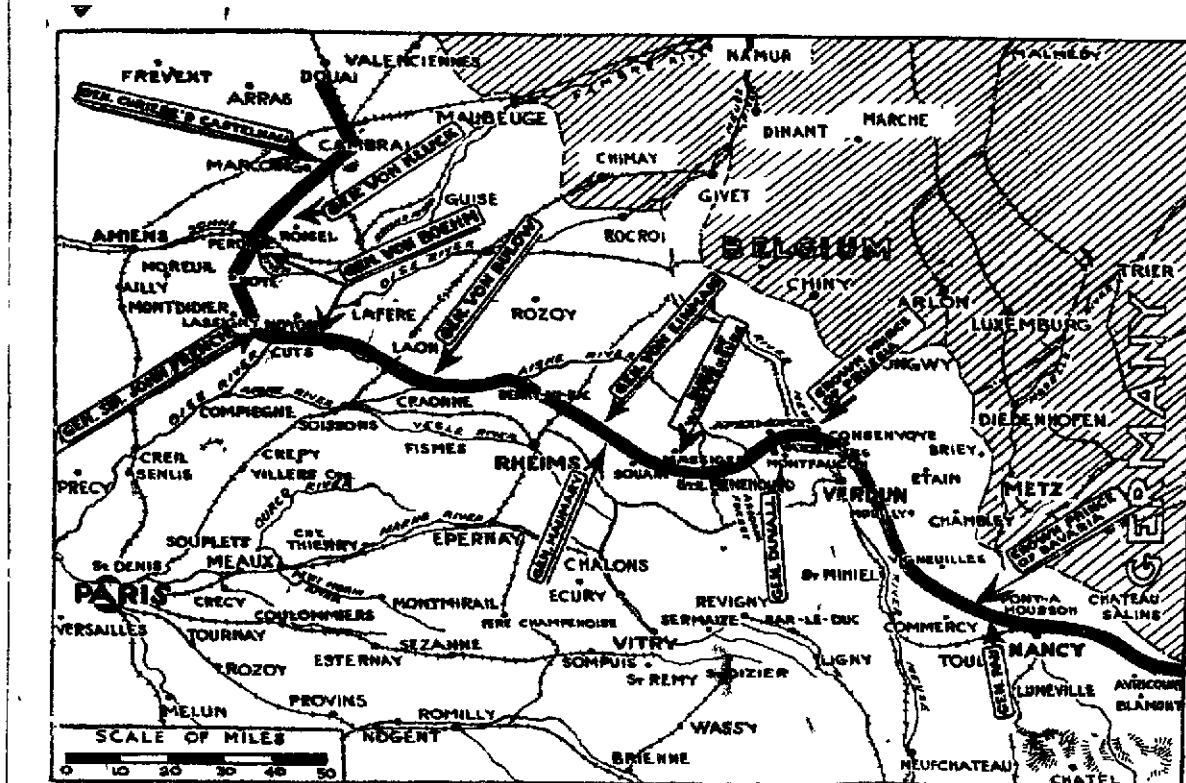
(By International News Service)
Hong Kong, Oct. 8.—The German steamer Tannenfels and the American steamer Rio Pacific have been brought in here by British ships as prizes of war.

Painting the Opera House.
Frank Shipley, who has recently started in business, for himself, has received the contract for painting the opera house and has started work on the building.

Germans Defeat Russians, Taking Many Prisoners

(By International News Service)
Berlin, Oct. 8.—The war office officially announced today that the Austrians and Germans along the Vistula have effected a junction against the Russians.

It is also officially stated that attacks by the Russians in the government of Suwalki have been repulsed, the enemy losing 2,700 men and 10 machine guns.



BATTLE LINE IN FRANCE AS IT STANDS AFTER TWO MONTHS' OF FIGHTING.
Map showing the dead-locked battle line in France and the positions of the opposing forces. The mighty struggle on the extreme left of the French forces continues.

fire alarm was taken up and the committee on public property was directed to investigate the matter and report at the next meeting of council, after which the meeting adjourned.

H. S. LITERARY SOCIETY WILL MEET TOMORROW
The first meeting of the Literary society of the Clearfield High school will be conducted by the Senior class on Friday afternoon in the assembly room. The newly elected officers will have a meeting and a very interesting program is promised. Visitors are cordially invited.

MISS CUMMINGS WILL ADDRESS BROTHERHOOD
Miss Sara Cummings, who has just returned from Europe and the Holy Land, will address the Trinity M. E. Brotherhood on Sunday evening at 6:30. Ladies are invited to attend and everyone should come, as this is a treat you can not afford to miss.

SMALL FIRE IN EAST
A small blaze was discovered on the second floor of Godfrey Johnson's residence on Dorsey street, this afternoon about 2:30, but was extinguished before the fire companies arrived. No damage was reported.

Judge Bell in Lycoming.
Judge Singleton Bell is helping Judge Whitehead in the trial of cases in the Lycoming county courts this week.

Burgess Calahan recommended grading Third street, between the sidewalk and the railroad, in order to prevent water lying on the sidewalks in the winter time. The council will consider this recommendation at the next meeting.

Solicitor Urey presented an ordinance regulating the use of the cut-out of horns and whistles on automobiles, which was unanimously adopted.

The board of health reported but three cases of communicable diseases in the borough. During the month of September, one case of measles and two of typhoid fever.

James Barton, of the Fourth ward, was recommended by Messrs. Overly and Heck to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of H. S. Buck from the council. Mr. Barton was unanimously elected.

The Firemen's Relief association asked for an appropriation of \$18.50 for Frank Shilcock on account of sickness caused by exposure at the Woodland fire.

The special committee on the erection of hose houses reported that the carpenter work of the Fourth ward hose house had been awarded to Geo. Underwood and the brick work to Cowdick Bros.

The matter of installing an electric

PERRY HEEMAN BACK IN JAIL

Sheriff McCloskey's Diligent Search Has Been Rewarded

CAUGHT IN WEST VIRGINIA

Heeman, who is regarded as a Bad Man, was Arrested on the Charge of Breaking into a Store at Winchester—Escaped From Jail on September 1, Last.

Perry Heeman or Heeman is once more behind the bars in the Clearfield county jail. Perry was arrested in New York state some months ago on the charge of being implicated in the robbery of the Winchester store.

Heeman now serving a sentence for the robbery. On September first last Perry quietly slipped out of the jail when a "trustee" relaxed his vigilance, and Sheriff McCloskey has been hunting him since.

Receiving a tip that Perry was in West Virginia, the sheriff went to that state and located his man near the town of Reedy, arresting him and bringing him to the county prison this morning.

Sheriff McCloskey deserves great credit for having run down this man,

who is believed to be a hardened criminal, going under several aliases. The sheriff made several trips in this and other states in his search for Perry, and his determination to bring him back for trial were finally rewarded.

RECEIVED \$1000 CHECK FOR MRS. LEMUEL ROOT

The local branch of the Ancient Order United American Workmen has received the \$1000 check which the order pays to Mrs. Lemuel Root, whose husband, a member of the Workmen, died recently. The promptness with which this money was paid shows the excellent business efficiency of the order.

At a meeting of the A. J. A. W. last evening eight new members were admitted and there are a number on the list awaiting admission. Ed. E. Haman, grand master workman, of Pennsylvania, was present at the meeting last night.

Oyster Supper.

On Thursday evening, October 15 in the year of 1914 the Ladies Aid of the West Side church an oyster supper they will give. You are all cordially invited for your money's worth you will surely receive it. It will only cost you 25 cents and the first on the job will be served the best, so get your tickets, get your tickets. Whatever you do, do not miss it. Oct. 8, 1914.

Nearly 1500 Licenses.

The number of hunters' licenses issued by the treasurer of Clearfield county has almost reached the 1500 mark.

ON THE EVE OF THE BIG BATTLE

Enthusiastic Fans Gather at Shibe Park to Await Opening of World Series

(By International News Service)

Philadelphia, Oct. 8th.—If anyone wanted to Belgian refugees fleeing before the German army without crossing the Atlantic he has only to go out to Shibe park tonight and take a look at the ardent fans lining up at the gate in order to be on top when the word to let in the multitude is given tomorrow—the occasion being, it is to be hoped no American needs to be told, the first game of the world's baseball series between the Philadelphia Athletics, champions of the American league, and the Boston Braves, the peerless of the National league.

Many odd and grotesque scenes were enacted in the fitful light and shade outside the park tonight. Men and boys of all ages stood sat or lay in more or less—principally less—restful positions. Here and there a gaily-dressed woman sat on a camp stool or a soap box, crawling her way around her with a silver and porcelain mobbing a bit of chocolate. As for the men, the chocolate in many cases came in liquid form and was referred to as "mips."

The queue, as an Englishman called it, was especially long because Shibe Park is not so roomy as other national league fields. Its capacity is about 26,000 and that is about all that will squeeze in tomorrow. Many

THE SCHEDULE

Friday, Oct. 9.—At Philadelphia.
Saturday, Oct. 10.—At Philadelphia.
Monday, Oct. 12.—At Boston.
Tuesday, Oct. 13.—At Boston.
Wednesday, Oct. 14.—At Philadelphia.
Thursday, Oct. 15.—At Philadelphia.

Series to be decided by best four out of seven. Place of seventh game, if one is necessary, to be decided by flip of a coin.

a Quaker is mourning that fact tonight, indeed, declaring that whoever is responsible therefor is a criminal and a base person.

The hotels are filled with leading fans of other cities, and in the lobby this evening there was much joshing and some wagering between the devotees of the two teams. The odds favored Athletics slightly ruling about 5 to 4. Few were willing to predict the length of the series, which will be hard fought without a doubt and may go the limit of seven games.

mous prices, ranging up to \$50 and \$100, for seats. Undoubtedly many pasteboards found their way into the hawkers' hands despite the efforts of the National Commission. Reserved seat prices here are fixed at \$5, \$3, \$2, and \$1. These prices are the same as will obtain at Boston, except there will be a small block of 50 cents seats in the Hub.

Every purchaser of tickets had to buy admission to three games. In case these tickets are invalidated by the failure of the contending clubs to play a third game in either of the cities, the money will be refunded. In case of either a postponement or a tie game, the teams will continue to play in the city where the start was made until two full games are completed. All the games will be called at 2 P. M.

Giving an indication of the interest the American people take in baseball, it may be noted that more than 300 newspaper writers are here to report the series for their sheets. There are even correspondents here from Cuba, which is an extension of the United States as far as sport goes and the Pacific Coast is well represented.

The umpires will follow American League rules, and National League rules in Boston. In the National

GERMANS FORCED BACK NORTH OF THE ARRAS IS REPORT FROM PARIS

Kaiser's Troops Spreading Out Under Conditions Said to be Favorable to Allies

GERMANS REPULSED IN WOEVRE DISTRICT

Heavy Fighting Between Great Forces of Cavalry in France—Germans Claim to Have Captured Many Big Guns From the French at Douai—Repulsed the Attempts of the French to Oust Them From Douai—Kaiser's Armies Steadily Progressing, According to Berlin Dispatches—Germans Still Hold St. Mihiel and On Right Bank of the Meuse.

URGES DEFEAT OF PENROSEISM

Prominent Italian Declares Himself for Pinchot

PENROSE ENEMY OF WORKMEN

Demanding and Obtaining Defeat of Every Legislative Measure Having for Its Purpose the Improvement of Conditions Among the Wage Earners of this State.

(By International News Service)

Philadelphia, Oct. 8.—Henry Di Berardino, president of the Italian-American alliance of the United States of America, who has been closely identified with movements to better the condition of the Italian immigrant in this country, denounces Penrose and Penroseism. He declared that the Italian immigrant has been exploited by the system of which Penrose is the exponent in Pennsylvania. He declared himself for Gifford Pinchot.

Di Berardino declared that in the present crisis which confronts the state, he believes that every citizen, whether naturalized or not, and from whatever country he comes, should oppose to the limit of his power the re-election of Senator Penrose.

"Just consider for a moment the condition of the laborer who comes from foreign countries and lands in Pennsylvania," said Di Berardino. "Under the political system built up by Senator Penrose, these men can be thrown into the most dangerous occupations and if they are killed or mangled there is no workmen's compensation to protect them. In the western part of the state it is a notorious fact that such great corporations as the 'bath tub trust' employ hundreds of foreigners; among them Italians. These men are subject to lead poisoning and other occupational diseases and are left unprotected.

"This terrible condition of affairs can be laid directly at the doors of Penrose and the Penrose system, because at the last session of the state legislature when a bill was introduced to conserve the lives of the men who work in the sanitary ware shops where they may contract lead poisoning, the measure was defeated by the Penrose lieutenants in the legislature.

"This human legislation is in force in some twenty states of our union

(Continued on page Eight.)

(By International News Service)
Antwerp, Oct. 8.—A general bombardment of Antwerp began at 3 this morning, after the final demand of the Germans that the city surrender had been refused.

Late yesterday the Germans stormed across the river Nethe, desperately fighting all the way over. Then there was a lull of several hours while a messenger from the German camp, bearing a white flag, formally demanded the surrender of the city.

Belgians Refused to Surrender.
The Belgian commander sent a reply to the Germans, stating that a surrender at this time was unthinkable. Thereupon the Germans rushed across the river with their artillery and began bombarding the city.

Wounded Germans stated that there were 125,000 Germans besieging Antwerp.

Uhlans Swarm the Country.

All northwestern Belgium swarms with uhlans, fighting desperately to hurl back the French cavalry, which preceded the infantry of the allies coming to the rescue of the city.

Belgians Attack Germans.
Berlin, Oct. 8.—The Belgians attacked the Germans between the outer and the inner forts after we had effected a breach enabling us to approach the city but they were repulsed.

Under English Protection.

London, Oct. 8.—Amsterdam says the Belgian ministers fled from Antwerp to Ostend, where the new Belgian government is under the protection of English dreadnoughts in the harbor. It is officially admitted the German siege guns are hurling awful blows against Antwerp.

The Belgians are fighting desperately but the Germans cannot be moved.

Removed to Ostend.

Washington, Oct. 8.—The Belgian office tables the legation here that the Belgian government has removed from Antwerp to Ostend.

Two Bombs Dropped In Paris

(By International News Service)
Paris, Oct. 8.—A German aeroplane flew over Paris and the northern suburbs and dropped two bombs on St. Dennis.

One of the bombs injured three persons.

The other failed to explode.

Has Moved to Jersey Shore.

Grover Graham has moved his family from Clearfield to Jersey Shore.

Austrian Warships Sunk And 600 Men Lost

(By International News Service)
Paris, Oct. 8.—More than 600 men, officers and crews, lost their lives today when six Austrian warships were sunk in contact with submarine mines off the coast of Dalmatia, in the Adriatic sea.

Four torpedo boats and two (torpedo) boat destroyers, scouting for the Anglo-French fleet, went to the bottom within a few minutes after striking the explosives, which are believed to have been placed by the Austrians.

The Last Shot

By
FREDERICK PALMER

Turning her back to the range for the moment, she saw the twinkling of the lights of the town and the threads of light of the wagon-trains, and the sweep of the lights of the railroad trains on the plain; while in the foreground every window of the house was ablaze like some factory on a busy night shift. She could hear the click of the telegraph instruments already reporting the details of the action as cheerfully as brooding anglers, officers in their peaceful surroundings. Then out of the shadows Westerling reappeared.

"Westerling of Engadri is ours!" he called. "Thanks to you!" he added with pointed emphasis. Back in the house he had received congratulations with a nod, as if success were a matter of course. Before her, exultation unburdened itself, and he was hoarsely triumphant and eager. "It's plain sailing now," he went on. "A break in the main line! We have only to drive home the wedge, and then—and then!" he concluded.

She felt him close, his breath on her cheek.

"Peace!" she hastened to say, drawing back instinctively.

And then! The irony of the words in the light of her knowledge was pointed by a terrible renewal of the thunder and the flashes far up on the range, and she could not resist rejoicing in her heart.

"That's the Browns!" exclaimed Westerling in surprise. The volume of fire increased. With the rest of the frontier in darkness, the Engadri section was an isolated blaze. In its light she saw his features, without alarm but hardening in dogged intensity.

"They've awakened to what they have lost! They have been rushing up reserves and are making a counter-attack. We must hold what we have gained, no matter what the cost!"

His last sentence was spoken over his shoulder as he started for the house.

Without changing her position, hardly turning her head, she watched until the firing began to lessen rapidly. Then she heard his step. She rose to face him, summoning back the spirit of the actress.

"This is better yet! I came to tell you that the counter-attack failed!" he said as he saw her appear from the shelter of the arbor.

She wondered if she were going to fall. But the post of the trellice was within reach. She caught hold of it to steady herself. Failed!

"The killing—it must have been terrible!" her mind at last made her realize to cover her tardiness of response to his mood.

"You thought of that—as you should—as I do!" he said.

He took her hands in his, pulsing warm with the flowing red of his strength. She let them remain lifelessly, as if she had not the will to take them away, the instinct of her part again dominant. To him this was another victory, and it was discovery—the discovery of melting weakness in her for the first time, which magnified his sense of masculine power. He tightened his grip slightly and she shuddered.

"You are tired!" he said, and it hurt her that he should be so considerate.

"The killing—to end that! It's all I want!" she breathed miserably.

"And the end is near!" he said.

"Yes, now, thanks to you!"

Thanks to her! And she must listen and submit to his touch!

"Then engineers and material were ready to go in," he continued. "Before morning, as I had planned, we shall be so well fortified in the position that nothing can budge us. This success so strengthens my power with the staff and the premier that I need not wait on Fabian tactics. I am supreme. I shall make the most of the demoralization of this blow to the enemy. I shall not wait on slow approaches in the hope of saving life. Tomorrow I shall attack and keep on attacking till all the main line is ours."

"Now you are playing your real part, the conqueror!" she thought, clearly.

"Your kind of peace is the ruin of another people; the peace of a helpless enemy. That is better—better for her conscience. Unwittingly, she allowed her hands to remain in his. In the paralytic of despair she was unconscious that she had hands. She felt that she could endure anything to retrieve the error into which she had been the means of leading the Browns. And the killing—it would not stop, she knew. No, the Browns would not yield until they were decimated.

"We have the numbers to spare. Numbers shall pierce home home to terms in their capital!" Westerling's voice grew hoarse as he proceeded harsh as orders to a soldier who had tasted in face of fire. "After that—that—the tone changed from press to desire, which was still a desire of possession—the first peace, a triumph that I want to share!" He was drawing her toward him with an impulse of the force of this desire, when she broke free with an abrupt, struggling pull.

"Not that! Not that! Your work is not yet done!" she cried.

He made a move as if to persist, then he fell back with a gesture of understanding.

"Right! Hold me to it!" he exclaimed. "Hold me to it!" he exclaimed. "Hold me to it!" he exclaimed.

bureau! A woman worth while should hold a man worth while. "Yes!" she managed to say, and turned to go in a sudden impetus of energy. Half running, half stumbling, the light of the lantern bobbing and trembling weirdly, she hastened through the tunnel. Usually the time for taking the receiver down till Lanny replied was only a half minute. Now she waited what seemed many minutes without response. Had the connections been broken? To make sure that her impatience was not tricking her she began to count off the seconds. Then she heard Lanstron's voice, broken and hoarse: "Marta, Marta, he is dead! Partow is dead!"

Recovering himself, Lanstron told the story of Partow's going, which was in keeping with his life and his prayers. As the doctor put it, the light of his mind, turned on full voltage to the last, went out without a flicker. Through the day he had attended to the dispositions for receiving the Grays' attack, enlivening routine as usual with flashes of humor and reflection ranging beyond the details in hand. An hour or so before dark he had reached across the table and laid his big, soft palm on the back of Lanstron's hand. He was thinking aloud, a habit of his in Lanstron's company, when an idea requiring gestation came to him.

"My boy, it is not fatal if we lose the apron of Engadri. The defenses behind it are very strong."

"No, not fatal," Lanstron agreed. "But it's very important."

"And Westerling will think it fatal. Yes, I understand his character. Yes, yes; and if our counter-attack should fail, then Miss Gailand's position would be secure. Hm-m-m—those

of shells over the enemy's lines. While other men had grown lean on war, he had taken on enough flesh to fill out the wrinkles around his eyes that shone with an artist's enjoyment of his work. Down under cover of the ridge were his guns, the keys of the instrument that he played by calls over the wire. Their barking was a symphony to his ears; errors of orchestration were errors in aim. He talked as he watched, his lively features reflective of his impressions.

"Oh, pretty! Right into their tummies! Right into the nose! La, la, la! But that's off—and so's that! Tell Battery C they're fifty yards over. Oh, head-eyed gods and shiny little fishes, —two smacks in the same spot! Humph! Tell Battery C that the trouble with that gun is worn rifling; that's why it's going short. Elevate it for another hundred yards—but it ought not to wear out so soon. I'd like to kick the maker or the inspector. The fellows in B 21 will accuse us of inattention. It's time to drop a shell on them to show we're perfectly impartial in our favor. La, la, la! Oh, what a pretty smack! Congratulations!"

B 21 was the position of Fracasse's company and the pretty smack the one that broke one man's arm and crushed another's head.

"The 'God with us!' song was singularly suited to the great, built voice of its composer, born to the red and become Captain Stransky in the red business of war. It was he who led the thunder of its verses.

"I certainly like that song," he said. Well he might. It had made him famous throughout the nation. "There's Jehovah and Brimstone in it. Now we'll have our own."

"But we're always losing positions!" complained one of the men. "Little by little they are getting possession."

"They say the offensive always wins," said another.

"Five against three! They count on numbers," said Lieutenant Tom Fraglin.

"There you go, Tom! Any other pessimists or anarchists want to be heard?" called out Stransky. "Just how long, at the present rate, will it take them to get the whole range? There's a limit to the number of even five millions."

Then the telephone in the redoubt brought some news. The staff begged to inform the army that the enemy's casualties in the last three days had been two hundred thousand! Immediately everybody was talking at once in Stransky's parliament, as he sometimes called that company of which he was, in the final analysis, unlimited monarch.

"How do they know?"

"Do you think it's false?"

"That sums up to pretty near a million!"

"My God! Think of it—a million!"

"We're whittling them down!"

"It doesn't make any difference whether Partow or Lanstron is chief of staff!"

"They're paying!"

"Paying for our fellows that they've killed! Paying for being in the wrong!"

Stransky, his eyes drawing inward in their characteristic slant, was well pleased with his company, and the scattered exclamatory badinage kept on until it was interrupted by the arrival of the mail. Partow and Lanstron, understanding their machine as human in its elements, had chosen that the army should hear from home.

"How's this?" exclaimed one man, reading from a newspaper. "They're going to put up a statue of Partow in the capital! It's to show him as he died, dropped forward on the map, and in front of his desk a field of bayonets. On one face of the base will be his name. Two of the other faces will have 'God with us!' and 'Not for them, but for ours!' The legend on the fourth face the war is to decide."

"Victory!—Victory!" cried those

who had listened to the announcement. Stransky was thinking that they had to do more than hold the Grays. Before he should see his girl they had to take back the lost territory. He carried two pictures of Minna in his mind: one when she had struck him in the face as he tried to kiss her and the other as he said good-by at the kitchen door. There was not much encouragement in either.

"But when she gets better acquainted with me there's no telling!" he kept thinking. "I was fighting out of cussedness at first. Now I'm fighting for her and to keep what is ours!"

(To be Continued.)

SAGE TEA KEEPS YOUR HAIR DARK

When Mixed with Sulphur it Brings Back its Lustre and Abundance.

Gray hair, however handsome, denotes advancing age. We all know the advantages of a youthful appearance. Your hair is your charm. It makes or mars the face. When it fades, turns gray and looks dry, wispy and scraggly, just a few applications of Sage Tea and Sulphur enhances its appearance a hundred-fold.

Don't stay gray! Look young! Either prepare the tonic at home or get from any drug store a 50 cent bottle of "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Hair Remedy." Thousands of folks recommend this ready-to-use preparation, because it darkens the hair beautifully, and removes dandruff, stops scalp itching and falling hair; besides, no one can possibly tell, as it darkens so naturally and evenly. You moisten a sponge or soft brush with it, drawing this through the hair, taking one small strand at a time. By morning the gray hair disappears; after another application or two, its natural color is restored and it becomes thick, glossy and lustrous, and you appear years younger.

Victrola VI, \$25
Other styles \$15 to \$50

You are never at a loss for entertainment when there is a Victrola in your home.

It enables you to hear the world's best music whenever and as often as you wish.

Come in and we'll demonstrate the Victrola and play any music you wish to hear. We'll explain our system of easy terms, too.

Shoeen's Music House
28 N. Second St.
Clearfield, Penna.

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The Song Hit "The Message of the Honey Morn" in the Delightful Dancing Musical Comedy Success

"Seven Hours in New York"
At The New Opera House, Friday, Oct. 9.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS OF CLEARFIELD COUNTY.

Bertha Cicconi
vs.
Louis Cicconi

No. 264 Sept. Sessions, 1914.
IN DIVORCE
NOTICE TO RESPONDENT.

To Louis Cicconi:—
You will hereby take notice that I have been appointed by the Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the county of Clearfield, as a commissioner to take testimony in the above case, and that in pursuance of the said appointment, I will sit for the purpose of performing the duties incident thereto, at my office at No. 311, Deposit National Bank building, in the Borough of DuBois, Clearfield county, Pennsylvania, on Wednesday, Oct. 28, 1914, from 9:00 o'clock A. M. until 4:00 o'clock P. M., at which time and place you can attend if you so desire.

E. G. BOOSE,
Commissioner.

3t-wly

DIVORCE NOTICE.
In the Court of Common Pleas of Clearfield County, Penna.

William W. Mitchell
vs.
Annie Mitchell.

No. 261 Sept. Term, 1914.
Sub in Divorce.

To Annie Mitchell:—
You are hereby notified that the undersigned has been appointed master in the above action of divorce brought by your husband, William W. Mitchell, against you, and that a meeting to take testimony of the witnesses will be held before me at my office in the Hagerty building, on Second street in the borough of Clearfield, Pa., on the 4th day of Nov. A. D. 1914, between the hours of two and five o'clock P. M., at which meeting you are notified to appear in person or by attorney and produce such witnesses as you may desire to have testify.

OSCAR MITCHELL,
Master.

3t-wly.

Oliver Typewriter Ribbons — the best of the market—may be had at the Clearfield Progress office. Any color of ribbon, price 60c 1' by mail, remit 65c and ribbons will be forwarded promptly.

3t

WANTED: A Bright Young Man

FULL TEXT OF THE ANTI-TRUST BILL

**Imprisonment For Convicted
Officer of Corporation.**

MAKES GUILT INDIVIDUAL.

**Dayton Measure Forbids Price Fixing
to Lessen Competition—Prohibits
Banks With \$5,000,000 Capital From
Having Interlocking Directorates.
Agent of Guilty Corporation May Be
Fined \$5,000 and Go to Jail For Year.**

Sec. 12. That any suit, action, or proceeding under the anti-trust laws against a corporation may be brought not only in the judicial district wherein it is an inhabitant, but also in any district wherein it may be found or transacts business; and all process in such cases may be served in the district of which it is an inhabitant, or wherever it may be found.

Sec. 13. That in any suit, action, or proceeding brought by or on behalf of the United States subpoenas for witnesses who are required to attend a court of the United States in any judicial district in any case, civil or criminal, arising under the anti-trust laws may run into any other district: Provided, That in civil cases no writ of subpoena shall issue for witnesses living out of the district in which the court is held at a greater distance than 100 miles from the place of holding the same, without the permission of the trial court being first had upon proper application and cause shown.

Sec. 14. That whenever a corporation shall violate any of the penal provisions of the anti-trust laws, such violation shall be deemed to be also that of the individual directors, officers, or agents of such corporation who shall have authorized, ordered, or done any of the acts constituting in whole or in part such violation, and such violation shall be deemed a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof any such director, officer, or agent he shall be punished by a fine of not exceeding \$5,000 or by imprisonment for not exceeding one year, or by both, in the discretion of the court.

Mode of Procedure.

Sec. 15. That the several district courts of the United States are hereby invested with jurisdiction to prevent and restrain violations of this act, and it shall be the duty of the several district attorneys of the United States, in their respective districts, under the direction of the attorney general, to institute proceedings in equity to prevent and restrain such violations. Such proceedings may be by way of petition setting forth the cause and praying that such violation shall be enjoined or otherwise prohibited. When the parties complained of shall have been duly notified of such petition, the court shall proceed, as soon as may be, to the hearing and determination of the case; and pending such petition, and before final decree, the court may at any time make such temporary restraining order or prohibition as shall be deemed just in the premises. Whenever it shall appear to the court before which any such proceeding may be pending that the ends of justice require that other parties should be brought before the court, the court may cause them to be summoned, whether they reside in the district in which the court is held or not, and subpoenas to that end may be served in any district by the marshal thereof.

Sec. 16. That any person, firm, corporation, or association shall be entitled to sue for and have injunctive relief, in any court of the United States having jurisdiction over the parties, against threatened loss or damage by a violation of the anti-trust laws, including sections 2, 3, 7 and 8 of this act, when and under the same conditions and principles as injunctive relief against threatened conduct that will cause loss or damage is granted by courts of equity, under the rules governing such proceedings; and upon the execution of proper bond against damages for an injunction improvidently granted and a showing that the danger of irreparable loss or damage is immediate, a preliminary injunction may issue. Provided, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to entitle any person, firm, corporation, or association, except the United States, to bring suit in equity for injunctive relief against any common carrier subject to the provisions of the act to regulate commerce, approved Feb. 4, 1887, in respect of any matter subject to the regulation, supervision, or other jurisdiction of the interstate commerce commission.

Sec. 17. That no preliminary injunction shall be issued without notice to the opposite party.

No temporary restraining order shall be granted without notice to the opposite party unless it shall clearly appear from specific facts shown by affidavit or by the verified bill that immediate and irreparable injury, loss, or damage will result to the applicant before notice can be served and a hearing had thereon. Every such temporary restraining order shall be indorsed with the date and hour of issuance, shall be forthwith filed in the clerk's office and entered of record, shall define the injury, and state why it is irreparable, and shall be subject to review by the court at any time before the entry of a permanent injunction. In case a temporary restraining order shall be granted without notice to the party in the contingency specified in the matter of the issuance of a preliminary injunction shall be set down for a hearing at the earliest possible time and shall take precedence of all other cases except older districts of the same

character; and when the same comes up for hearing the party obtaining the temporary restraining order shall proceed with the application for a preliminary injunction, and if he does not do so the court shall dissolve the temporary restraining order. Upon two days' notice to the party obtaining such temporary restraining order the opposite party may appear and move the dissolution or modification of the order, and in that event the court or judge shall proceed to hear and determine the motion as expeditiously as the ends of justice may require.

Part of Old Act Repealed.

Section 263 of an act entitled "An act to codify, revise, and amend the laws relating to the judiciary," approved March 3, 1911, is hereby repealed. Nothing in this section contained shall be deemed to alter, repeal, or amend section 268 of an act entitled "An act to codify, revise, and amend the laws relating to the judiciary," approved March 3, 1911.

Sec. 18. That, except as otherwise provided in section 16 of this act, no restraining order or injunctive order of injunction shall issue, except upon the giving of security by the applicant in such sum as the court or judge may deem proper, conditioned upon the payment of such costs and damages as may be incurred or suffered by any party who may be found to have been wrongfully enjoined or restrained thereby.

Sec. 19. That every order of injunction or restraining order shall set forth the reasons for the issuance of the same, shall be specific in terms, and shall describe in reasonable detail, and not by reference to the bill of complaint or other document, the act or acts sought to be restrained, and shall be binding only upon the parties to the suit, their officers, agents, servants, employees, and attorneys, or those in active concert or participating with them, and who shall, by personal service or otherwise, have received actual notice of the same.

Sec. 20. That no restraining order or injunction shall be granted by any court of the United States, or a judge or the judges thereof, in any case between an employer and employees, or between employers and employees, or between employees, or between persons employed and persons seeking employment, involving or growing out of a dispute concerning terms or conditions of employment, unless necessary to prevent irreparable injury to property, or to a property right, of the party making the application, for which injury there is no adequate remedy at law, and such property or property right must be described with particularity in the application, which must be in writing and sworn to by the applicant or by his agent or attorney.

And no such restraining order or injunction shall prohibit any person or persons, whether singly or in concert, from terminating any relation of employment, or from ceasing to perform any work or labor, or from recommending, advising, or persuading others by peaceful means so to do; or from attending at any place where any such person or persons may lawfully be, for the purpose of peacefully obtaining or communicating information, or from peacefully persuading any person to work or to abstain from working; or from ceasing to patronize or to employ any party to such dispute, or from recommending, advising, or persuading others by peaceful and lawful means so to do; or from paying or giving to, or withholding from, any person engaged in such dispute, any strike benefits or other moneys or things of value; or from peaceably assembling in a lawful manner, and for lawful purposes; or from doing any act or thing which might lawfully be done in the absence of such dispute by any party thereto; nor shall any of the acts specified in this paragraph be considered or held to be violations of any law of the United States.

Shall Be Held In Contempt.

Sec. 21. That any person who shall willfully disobey any lawful writ, process, order, rule, decree, or command of any district court of the United States or any court of the District of Columbia by doing any act or thing therein, or thereby forbidden to be done by him, if the act or thing so done by him be of such character as to constitute also a criminal offense under any statute of the United States, or under the laws of any state in which the act was committed, shall be proceeded against for his said contempt as hereinafter provided.

Sec. 22. That whenever it shall be made to appear to any district court or judge thereof, or to any judge therein sitting, by the return of a proper officer on lawful process, or upon the affidavit of some credible person, or by information filed by any district attorney, that there is reasonable ground to believe that any person has been guilty of such contempt, the court or judge thereof, or any judge therein sitting, may issue a rule requiring the said person so charged to show cause upon a day certain why he should not be punished therefor, which rule, together with a copy of the affidavit or information, shall be served upon the person charged with sufficient promptness to enable him to prepare for and make return to the order at the time fixed therein. If upon or by such return, in the judgment of the court, the alleged contempt be not sufficiently purged, a trial shall be directed at a time and place fixed by the court: Provided, however, That if the accused, being a natural person, fail or refuse to make return to the rule to show cause, an attachment may issue against his person to compel his appearance, and in case of his failure to appear or refusal to do so for any reason, he may be taken into custody at the time of the trial, he may be required to give reasonable bail for his appearance at the trial, and he shall be subject to the judgment of the court. Where the accused is a body corporate, an attachment may be issued upon like refusal or failure to answer.

In all cases within the purview of this act such rule may be by the court, or, upon demand of the accused,

WASHINGTON PARTY COUNTY COMMITTEE

James Mitchell, member of state committee for Clearfield county.

Standing Committee.

Brisban borough—John D. Walker.
Burnside borough—Robert Burns.
Chester Hill borough—Edgar Shontz.
Clearfield, 1st ward—Richard Patterson.

Clearfield, 2nd ward—M.O.A. Sahm.
Clearfield, 3rd ward—Lewis Shafter.

Clearfield, 4th ward—Ross A. Lambert.
Coalport borough—F. M. Hahn.

Curwensville, 1st ward—John Hudson.
Curwensville, 2nd ward—Fred E. McKenzie.

DuBois, 1st ward—A. O. Logan.
DuBois, 2nd ward—Chas. Frey.

DuBois, 3rd ward—John A. Carlson.
DuBois, 4th ward—Morris Paterson.

DuBois, 5th ward—Geo. Cyphert.
Glen Hope borough—Jas. Bratton.

Grampian borough—J. S. Fleming.
Houtzdale borough—George Gance.

Irvona borough—S. K. Ames.
Lumber City borough—S. C. Kirk.

Mahaffey borough—E. E. Bennett.
Newburg borough—W. W. Herd.

New Washington borough—Wm. Estricker.
Osceola borough—G. W. Mattern.

Ramey borough—B. F. Allgood.
Troutville borough—H. R. Lindsey.

Wallacetown borough—R. W. France.
Westover borough—J. B. McKee.

Beccaria, Blain City precinct—J. A. Adorn.
Beccaria, Beccaria precinct—Duncan Sommerliver.

Beccaria, Irvona precinct—J. H. Beachey.
Beccaria, Utahville precinct—Jas. Cowen.

Bell, Southern precinct—Fred Albert.
Bell, Summit precinct—W. B. Stephenson.

by a jury; in which latter event the court may impanel a jury from the jurors then in attendance, or the court or the judge thereof in chambers may cause a sufficient number of jurors to be selected and summoned, as provided by law, to attend at the time and place of trial, at which time a jury shall be selected and impaneled as upon a trial for misdemeanor; and such trial shall conform as near as may be to the practice in criminal cases prosecuted by indictment or upon information.

Punishment Provided.

If the accused be found guilty, judgment shall be entered accordingly, prescribing the punishment, either by fine or imprisonment, or both, in the discretion of the court. Such fine shall be paid to the United States or to the complainant or other party injured by the act constituting the contempt, or may, where more than one is so damaged, be divided or apportioned among them as the court may direct, but in no case shall the fine to be paid to the United States exceed, in case the accused is a natural person, the sum of \$1,000, nor shall such imprisonment exceed the term of six months: Provided, That in any case the court or a judge thereof may, for good cause shown, by affidavit or proof taken in open court or before such judge and filed with the papers in the case, dispense with the rule to show cause, and may issue an attachment for the arrest of the person charged with contempt; in which event such person, when arrested, shall be brought before such court or a judge thereof without unnecessary delay and shall be admitted to bail in a reasonable penalty for his appearance to answer to the charge or for trial for the contempt; and thereafter the proceedings shall be the same as provided herein in case the rule had issued in the first instance.

Sec. 23. That the evidence taken upon the trial of any persons so accused may be preserved by bill of exceptions, and any judgment of conviction may be reviewed upon writ of error in all respects as now provided by law in criminal cases, and may be affirmed, reversed, or modified as justice may require. Upon the granting of such writ of error, execution of judgment shall be stayed, and the accused, if thereby sentenced to imprisonment, shall be admitted to bail in such reasonable sum as may be required by the court, or by any justice, or any judge of any district court of the United States or any court of the District of Columbia.

Sec. 24. That nothing herein contained shall be construed to relate to contempts committed in the presence of the court, or so near thereto as to obstruct the administration of justice, nor to contempts committed in disobedience of any lawful writ, process, order, rule, decree, or command entered in any suit or action brought or prosecuted in the name of, or on behalf of, the United States, but the same, and all other cases of contempt not specifically embraced within section 21 of this act, may be punished in conformity to the usages at law and in equity now prevailing.

Sec. 25. That no proceeding for contempt shall be instituted against any person unless begun within one year from the date of the act complained of; nor shall any such proceeding be a bar to any criminal prosecution for the same act or acts, but nothing herein contained shall prevent any proceedings in contempt pending at the time of the passage of this act.

Sec. 26. That if any clause sentence paragraph, or part of this act shall for any reason be adjudged by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such judgment shall not affect, impair, or invalidate the remainder thereof, but shall be confined in its operation to the clause, sentence, paragraph, or part thereof directly involved in the controversy in which such judgment shall have been rendered.

Bigler township—James H. Minds.
Bloom township—Frank Fetzner.
Boggs, Stoneville precinct—George Stover.
Boggs, Blue Ball precinct—C. C. Gearhart.

Bradford, Jackson precinct—J. G. Maines.
Bradford, Bigler precinct—T. H. Stevens.

Bradford, Woodland precinct—J. M. Baker.
Brady, Helvetia precinct—Norman McGee.

Brady, Luthersburg precinct—J. H. Edinger.
Brady, Troutville precinct—A. Black.

Burnside township, Patchinville—F. E. Crossman.
Chest township—J. C. Cross.

Covington township—Celest Veriot.
Burnside township, East Ridge—W. J. Westover.

Burnside township, New Washington—Russell Rorobough.
Cooper, Kylesburg precinct—H. G. Jones.

Cooper, Peale precinct—Cooper, Cooper precinct—Andrew Brown.

Cooper, Winburne precinct—Chas. Johnson.
Decatur, Centre precinct—Robert Patterson.

Decatur, Graham precinct—John Fen-ton.
Decatur, Gearhartville precinct—Obadiah Long.

Decatur, Kephart precinct—William Krouse.
Ferguson township—E. E. Owens.

Girard township—William Kirkwood.
Goshen township—Warren Lingie.

Graham, Centre Hill precinct—Thos. Beveridge.
Graham, Graham precinct—J. G. Maines.

Greenwood township—David Patterson.
Gulich, Ginter precinct—Ed. Petter-son.

Gulich, Janesville precinct—John Harrington.
Huston, Huston precinct—Brady Overdorf.

Huston, Tyler precinct—Joe Morehouse.
Jordan township—Chas. Sawyer.

Karthauss, Cataract precinct—Karthauss, Karthauss precinct—J. W. Reese.

Knox, Boardman precinct—Thos. French.
Knox, Carnwath precinct—John M. Fleck.

Knox, New Millport precinct—David Youcum.

Lawrence, Clearfield precinct—Thos. Hemphill.
Lawrence, Glen Richey precinct—Jas. Norman.
Lawrence, Hillsdale precinct—C. G. Morris.

Lawrence, Ashcroft precinct—W. E. Johnson.
Morris, Allport precinct—William Denshar.

Morris, Morrisdale precinct—John Ball.
Morris, Munsons precinct—B. W. Williams.

Penn township—James D. Wall.
Pike, Curwensville precinct—Chas. Bailey.

Pike, Olanta precinct—C. P. Rowles.
Sandy, Falls Creek precinct—J. C. Weaver.

Sandy, Sabula precinct—Alex Bundy.
Sandy, Clear Run precinct—Sandy, Sandy precinct—F. M. Tim-lin.

Sandy, Oklahoma precinct—D. P. Christian.
Union township—Samuel Beers.

Woodward, Sanborn precinct—D. J. Kline.
Woodward, Sterling precinct—Sam-uel Rainsley.

Woodward, N. Houtzdale precinct—William Bloom.
Woodward, W. Houtzdale precinct—Joseph R. Partridge.

The Firemen's Benefit.
For three days next week, Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, a musical comedy will be the attraction at the New Opera house. As the proceeds are for the benefit of the Clearfield Fire department, the entertainment will no doubt be well patronized.

**WATER CONSUMERS ASKED
NOT TO WASTE WATER**

On account of the continued dry weather and a decreasing water supply the Water company has reduced the flow of water at the public fountain in the town and requests that the public refrain from the use of hose and in sprinkling streets and lawns, where not actually necessary.

It is hoped that if proper care in the use of water is taken, and wasting it be discontinued, it will not be necessary to further restrict its use.

DANCING! DANCING!
Tomorrow evening, Oct. 8th, at the New Opera House hall. Don't fail to see the Great Demonstration of Modern dances. Dancing from 9 to 12 Music by Wallace and Hoover. Admission 75c to gentlemen and Ladies free.

TEMPERANCE TIDINGS

Research and News.
Edited by
REV. ROBERT C. PETERS

What Bankers in Kansas Say.
"The proposition that business would be benefited by a return to the license system is preposterous. We want nation-wide prohibition." Verne Hostutler, cashier, Centerville State Bank, Centerville, Kansas.

"Anything but prohibition in Kansas is unthinkable. License would be a great detriment financially. I would not go into business where they have open saloons." V. O. Johnson, cashier, Auble State Bank, Auble, Kansas.

"From the standpoint of business it is a question of which gets the money, the saloon or the merchant. A fool can tell which of these is best." F. C. Harra, cashier, First State Bank, Alton, Kansas.

"Conditions are much better under prohibition than before. Even when poorly enforced it is much better than under license." R. A. Brown, cashier, Home National Bank, Arkansas City, Kansas.

"The prohibitory law is a great law for the people of the state financially and otherwise." L. E. Womer, First State Bank, Agra, Kansas.

"The prohibitory law is one of the best laws on the statute books of Kansas today." R. W. Ferguson, cashier, First National Bank, Bonner Springs, Kansas.

"I am strongly in favor of the prohibition law. It has done much toward reducing the use of liquor and toward bettering conditions." Alvah Archer, cashier, Farmers' State Bank, Denmore, Kansas.

"The people of a prohibition community are better off financially, because they are not subject to the influence of liquor, which lessens the earning capacity of the individual; they do not indulge in spree and thus squander their money; they lead saner lives, enjoy good health, acquire wealth, pay their bills, and make bank deposits. It is a cold-blooded business proposition." M. A. Anderson, cashier, Farmers' State Bank, Mope, Kansas.

"Years ago I favored local option or open saloons under strict control. My ideas have completely changed. There is no argument against prohibi-

tion." W. L. Conaway, cashier, First National Bank, Eden, Kansas.
"I have never been cranky on temperance. It took me several years to make up my mind on prohibition. From a strict economic point of view, state prohibition is the only thing until it can be made a national issue." Mr. John M. Ketchum, president, State Bank of Hope, Hope, Kansas.

"Prohibition is one of the greatest assets of Kansas. Business and economic conditions are both better under the law. Under no circumstances would we return to the license system." C. L. Cummings, cashier, State Bank of Ellingham, Ellingham, Kansas.

**GOVERNOR'S WIFE HEADS FAIR
TO AID RED CROSS**

Mrs. Martin H. Glynn, wife of the governor of the state of New York, who heads the committee in charge of the Grand Central Palace, New York and "universal market" to be given at the Grand Central Palace.

A want ad in the Progress may start you on the way to riches.

**The Very Best Flour That
Money Can Buy
BIG LOAF**

WORLD'S SERIES BASEBALL GAMES

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 9

Will be the opening day of the World's Series Baseball Games

BETWEEN ATHLETICS and BOSTON

You will want the complete scores and story of each day's game THAT EVENING.

YOU CAN GET THE FULL STORY IN THE

CLEARFIELD PROGRESS

A direct wire service has been arranged for and THE PROGRESS will give the final results in an extra edition immediately after each game

THE CLEARFIELD PROGRESS

Published every day except Sunday by the Progressive Publishing Company, Opera House Building, Clearfield, Pennsylvania.

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JAMES H. MINDS, Vice-President E. W. HESS, Treasurer

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Washington State Ticket

United States Senator

Gifford Pinchot, Pike county.

Lieutenant Governor

Ferry F. Smith, Allegheny county.

Secretary of Internal Affairs

Fred E. Lewis, Lehigh county.

Congress-at-Large

Lex N. Mitchell, Jefferson County.

Arthur J. Ruple, Cumberland County.

Andrew H. Walters, Cambria County.

Mary Watson, Mercer county.

Washington District Ticket

Congress—21 District.

Guy B. Mayo, McKean county.

Senate—34 District.

Alonso S. Moulthrop, Clearfield.

Washington County Ticket

For Legislature.

East G. Room, Brady township.

Edward Lippert, Lawrence township.

Albertus G. Woodward, Curwensville.

IMPORTANT DATES.

Columbus day, Oct. 12.

Home talent show by Clearfield fire company No. 1, opera house, Oct. 12 and 13.

Clearfield County Anti-Saloon league convention, Clearfield, Oct. 13.

Golf tournament, Look Haven, vs. Clearfield, C. & C. Country club, October 16.

General election, November 3.

Hettie Jane Dunaway, reader and impersonator, at Woman's club, Nov. 25.

Thanksgiving day, Thursday, November 26.

Christmas, Friday, December 25.

October 8, 1914

Good evening! Speak gently to the erring; remember some of the slips you made when young.

Now for a good, long wet, rain.

Old J. Pluvius seems to have forgotten how to sprinkle the earth.

Swat that fly and put an end to the miseries of the baldheaded man.

Why not let that Kane newspaper correspondent loose on the European war?

In the meantime, what has become of Secretary Bryan's efforts to bring peace to Europe?

Borough council met last night and continued its discussion of the proposed new fire houses.

General von Kluck may not be an old hen, but he hasn't had much time for crowing lately.

Many a girl would grow up to become a useful woman if she were not spoiled by her thoughtless mother.

The young daughter who is tangoing about the house helping her mother with the housecleaning deserves a medal.

Get the Progress and keep in touch with the world series of baseball games, which start tomorrow in Philadelphia.

The Russians have certainly placed on the map a lot of towns and other places never before heard of in this section of the world.

Clearfield women will not become interested in the woman's suffrage agitation until after they have finished their fall house cleaning.

Poets whose verses on the European war have been rejected might turn their attention to imitating schools to the old fashioned cider mill.

For a party that is said to be dying the Progressive organization is kicking up a lot of fuss among the Penrose Republicans of this state.

The leaves of the forest are beginning to turn and the air is beginning to feel like a warm blanket about as long as the leaves are man turns on the fire in the morning.

Shall ministers smoke? is a question that is agitating religious people. Depends upon what they smoke; no minister will appear in his pulpit smoking a corn cob pipe.

A former citizen returning from Canada says he lost all of his crops this year on account of the drought and that when he left snow had been falling in Canada for two days. After

responsible for the starting of the conflict. If the boys of today can be made to see the evils of warfare, when they become men, they will not regard militarism as the chief aim of a nation. Teach the boys that war is murder and that those who are responsible for the slaughter of human beings in war are murderers and they will grow up to abhor war.

PREPARED FOR WAR.

Germany controls the Krupp gun works, hence it is readily believed that the order of the Belgians for guns for their new forts were held up by the Krupps at the request of the kaiser. These guns were ordered long before war was declared, therefore there was no other reason than that the kaiser meant to go to war with France and knew that he would have to fight Belgium to explain the refusal of the Krupps to provide guns for the Belgian forts.

As the facts come to light there is sufficient evidence to prove that the militant autocracy of Germany intended to disrupt the peace of Europe upon the first pretext, and the assertions of the learned professors and the demands of those close to the kaiser that he did not want war are now regarded as being based on falsehood. The kaiser and his military family cannot fool the American people, who are intelligent enough to reason out their own conclusions.

Germany's military family have been preparing for this war for the past quarter of a century. They fortified their possessions in Alsace and Lorraine; they directed the Krupps to make guns for no other nation than Germany, and they have been urging Austria for years to forcibly seize Serbia, if she could. Under these circumstances there can be but one conclusion arrived at—the kaiser was bent on war, a war of conquest, in which he was ready to sacrifice the best blood of his empire in an effort to gain his end.

THE TOWN'S BENEFIT.

Although the Clearfield firemen will have charge of the entertainment in the opera house three nights of next week, the show will be more for the benefit of the property owners of the borough than of the firemen. The proceeds of the entertainment will be used toward the purchase of apparatus for the fire department. The firemen expect to use this apparatus, not for their own pleasure and amusement, but for the benefit of the town.

It should not be said of the citizens of any town, that the only time they appreciate the firemen is after the firemen have saved the property of the citizens. Clearfield firemen have been working under disadvantages in the past, and every effort they make toward increasing their efficiency should have the support of the citizens. Therefore the entertainment next week should be given the support of every citizen who appreciates what the firemen have done toward protecting property.

THE WAR-WORN TOURISTS

I learned to take a trip abroad. So dad and ma and I bought tickets for a foreign tour. And bade our friends good-bye. We took our brand-new car along. But didn't bring it back. Some soldiers seized it when the guns at Liege commenced to crack. We left our baggage all behind. To catch a cattle-train. (My things will be old-fashioned when we get those trunks again.) And we who went first cabin out Across the briny blue. Came back in stuffy steerage berths And glad to have them too. I never thought that I would weep For joy to see once more. The bobbing little ferry-boats Off Staten Island's shore. Or that against the smoky sky The black, serrated line Of old Manhattan's jumbled roofs Could ever look so fine. Poor ma will be a nervous wreck She vows for all her days, And dad gets purple in the face, And glares at me, and says: "We wouldn't have been there to feel The war-cloud when it burst, If we had seen America. Our native country, first." —Minna Irving, in Leslie's.

SIX SMALL SMILES

Talk of the Times. "About this labor war in Colorado" "Oh, those battles are just minor engagements."—Baltimore American.

Overheard. "Tinker has placed an old railroad sign, 'Stop look and listen' at the entrance to his driveway. What's the idea?" "His wife is running the touring car."—Judge

Correct. "What was a raffle?" asked the boob. "A raffle," replied the Grouch, "is a scheme in which you buy 49 chances, and the other fellow buys one chance and wins the prize."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

His Solution. Pizzini Diner—What have you for dinner? Waiter—Roast beef, mashed potatoes.

Mr. Planten Explains Why He Withdrew

Albertus G. Woodward, of Curwensville, will be a candidate on the Prohibition ticket for the legislature. The matter was determined lately by the Prohibition county committee, following the withdrawal from the ticket of G. H. Planten, of Westover.

The circumstances leading to Mr. Planten's withdrawal and Mr. Woodward's endorsement are explained in the following letter, written to Geo. W. Underwood, chairman of the executive committee of the Prohibition party.

Westover, Pa., August 31, 1914. Mr. Geo. W. Underwood— Chairman Prohibition Party, Clearfield, Pa.

Dear Sir— At the recent primary election I had the honor to receive from the Prohibitionists of Clearfield county the nomination for the office of assembly.

My name also appeared upon the Washington party ticket. Circumstances over which I had no control made it impossible for me to leave my work during the primary contest. I did not get to see the voters of the Washington party, and was defeated for the nomination.

As I am not in position to make an active campaign for election, I ask that my name be withdrawn from the ticket, and have notified the Secretary of the Commonwealth to this effect.

I am deeply sensible of the honor conferred upon me by the Prohibition party, and my reason for withdrawing is as follows:

Mr. A. G. Woodward of Curwensville was nominated by the Washington party for assembly. Mr. Woodward has a splendid temperance record, and is making excellent progress in the present campaign. Without the Prohibition endorsement, Mr. Woodward stands a good chance of election; with this endorsement, he is almost certain of success.

As it is my desire to see men elected to this important office who will carry out the desires of the Prohibition Party and Anti-Saloon league in the matter of temperance legislation, I ask that my name be withdrawn that Mr. Woodward may receive this endorsement, for the best interests of the temperance cause in Clearfield county.

Very truly yours, Geo. H. Planten.

Believing that Mr. Woodward's endorsement would be a good move, the Prohibitionists have taken the necessary steps to have his name placed on their ticket. Mr. Woodward is now endorsed by the Washington and Prohibition parties, the Anti-Saloon league and scores of organizations and committees.

entwined lambasted baked potatoes; pudding, milt and coffee.

Dinner—Give me the third, fourth, fifth, sixth, eighteenth and nineteenth syllables.—Tit Bits.

Something Wrong. "I got a thermometer with which to regulate the temperature of our house."

"Well?" "But it doesn't seem to work at all. Some days the rooms are hot; other days they are cold."—Seattle Post-Intelligencer.

Excursion Rates. The excursion train was well filled. When the conductor came around a comfortably seated passenger said to him: "Der ticket takes me two ways for von price, don't it?" "Yes," replied the conductor.

"Vel, den, shust dell me vich is der way dot cost nodings. I want to enchoy me der free ride."—Boston Transcript.

TWENTY YEARS HENCE (From the Files of the Progress 1934) Fine pine timber on the state preserves in this county has been considerably damaged by fires within the past week.

The new coal road into the Mosquito creek region is about completed and it is expected to start the shipment of coal next week.

A banquet of the survivors of the Rattlesnake hunting camp was held at the Imperial hotel last night. Ashley Thorn was toastmaster.

The firemen were called out last night to extinguish a blaze at the pretzel factory on Thirteenth street. Damage slight.

For the first time in ten years an inebriate faked forth on the court house sidewalk last evening, his stock consisting of gold watches and patent bootjacks.

The stockholders of the Ozark Zinc company will meet the officers of the company in the arbitration room of the court house this evening and an effort will be made to settle the affairs of the concern.

Advertise in the Progress.

Charter Notice. Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Governor of Pennsylvania on the third day of November, next, by Lawrence J. DePerie, James P. O'Laughlin and Hazard A. Murray under the Act of Assembly entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved April 29, 1874, and the supplements thereto, for the charter of an incorporated corporation to be called Scott Coal Mining Company, the character and object of which is mining and producing coal and the purchase and lease of land, minerals and mining rights necessary to the carrying out of the said business. The application will be made to the Governor at the rights and privileges of the said corporation and the said business. The application will be made to the Governor at the rights and privileges of the said corporation and the said business.

MURRAY & O'LAUGHLIN

Mother's Bread THE BEST BREAD CITY BAKERY NO. 12 THIRD ST. Clearfield, Penn'a.



"SEVEN HOURS IN NEW YORK" New Opera House

BIG LOAF FLOUR

Is For Sale by the Following Merchants in Clearfield and Vicinity. G. N. Ellenberger, Clearfield. Ross & Woods, Clearfield. J. S. Beahan, Clearfield. R. C. Shaw Grocery Co., Clearfield. Richard Cook, Clearfield. McCloskey Bros., Clearfield. C. E. Shirey, Clearfield. Wm. M. Boyce & Son, Clearfield. F. S. Gilliland, Clearfield. S. B. McLaughlin, Clearfield. Fred Norris, Clearfield. Sam Barone, Clearfield. A. P. Schnarrs, Hyde. Bickford Store Co., Curwensville. T. C. Hile, Curwensville. Harry Teats, Curwensville. W. B. Fox & Son, Curwensville. G. M. Clute, Curwensville. C. F. Hays, Curwensville. T. D. Small & Son, Curwensville. W. A. Hipps, Curwensville. Rafferty Bros., Grampian. Grampian Supply Co., Grampian. W. E. Derriek, Grampian. A. McGrath, Grampian. H. P. Hertzworth, Grampian. F. M. Hertzfeld, Grampian. J. T. Pickles, Woodland. W. D. Walker & Bro., Bigler. Ed. Shaw, Shawville. F. D. Murray, Shawville. Hyskel Kunes, Karthaus. E. D. Bullett, Frenchville. Q. E. Bras-eigneau, Leontes Mills. Graham Bros., Leontes Mills. Chas. S. Vouchet, Coudley. C. P. Rowles, Olanta. D. B. Hile, Lutherville. C. A. Stearns, Ansonville. F. B. Johnston, Curry Run. S. F. Stahl, Mahaffey. W. J. S. S. Galt, Westover. T. T. Phillips, Ironva. Bitterbaugh & Son, Cherry Tree.

GEO. H. LUM, DUBOIS, PA. Manufacturer's Agents for Pennsylvania.

AMUSEMENTS

"Seven Hours in New York"

The brilliant dancing craze musical play, "Seven Hours in New York" which comes to the New opera house on Friday night is said to be one of the brightest and most successful musical productions ever staged. The cast presenting this delightful musical mixture this evening is said to be one of the best that has ever had. All have been under the instruction of one of New York's best modern study dancing teachers; as a result the "One Step," "Maxine," "Lame Duck," "Fish Walk," "Grapevine" and the "Fox Trot" are introduced among the special features in this leading comedy revue are Trizzie Mc. Joseph, Mabel, Dora Adree, Edw. Howell, George Froberick, Margie Neworth, Will Herbert, J. Allan C. and many others including the big beauty chorus. Seats now on sale.

Pumpkin Pie Social.

A pumpkin pie social will be held at the Baptist church Friday evening, beginning at 8 o'clock, under the auspices of the class of Willing Workers. Besides delicious pumpkin pie there will be ice cream and cake and coffee. The public is cordially invited.

A. L. Cole, Esq., has returned from a business trip to Pittsburg.

Oliver Typewriter Ribbons—the best of the market—may be had at the Clearfield Progress office. Any color of ribbon, price 60c. 10¢ by mail, remit 60c and ribbons will be forwarded promptly.

SAFETY FIRST

FOR DEPOSITORS OF

Clearfield National Bank

Total Assets, \$1,500,000.00

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H. S. Whitman, Jr., V-Pres. and Cashier.

W. L. McJunkin, Assistant Cashier.

DIRECTORS

Singleton Bell, W. I. Betts, John Dimeling

W. F. Hopkins, H. A. Kennedy

A. E. Leitzinger, James Mitchell, T. H. Murray

W. H. Patterson, H. S. Whitman, Jr.

"THE BANK OF SERVICE"

Seven Days in the Week.

No time lost on Sundays or Holidays, but instead interest runs on automatically when money is deposited in our Savings Department

We'll take the best of care of it after you start to save. But you must make the start and the sooner you start the sooner you can put your money to work where it will work for you.

There is more to this but we would rather you would call and hear it personally.

Don't postpone your visit—come today.

Clearfield Trust Company

The County National Bank

OF CLEARFIELD, PA.

The Oldest Bank in Clearfield County

STATED ADDITIONS TO SURPLUS

For thirty-five years, at the declaration of each dividend, an addition to the Surplus has been made and the practice of thus strengthening the bank is still regularly followed. The results of this policy, noted below, are its own best commentary.

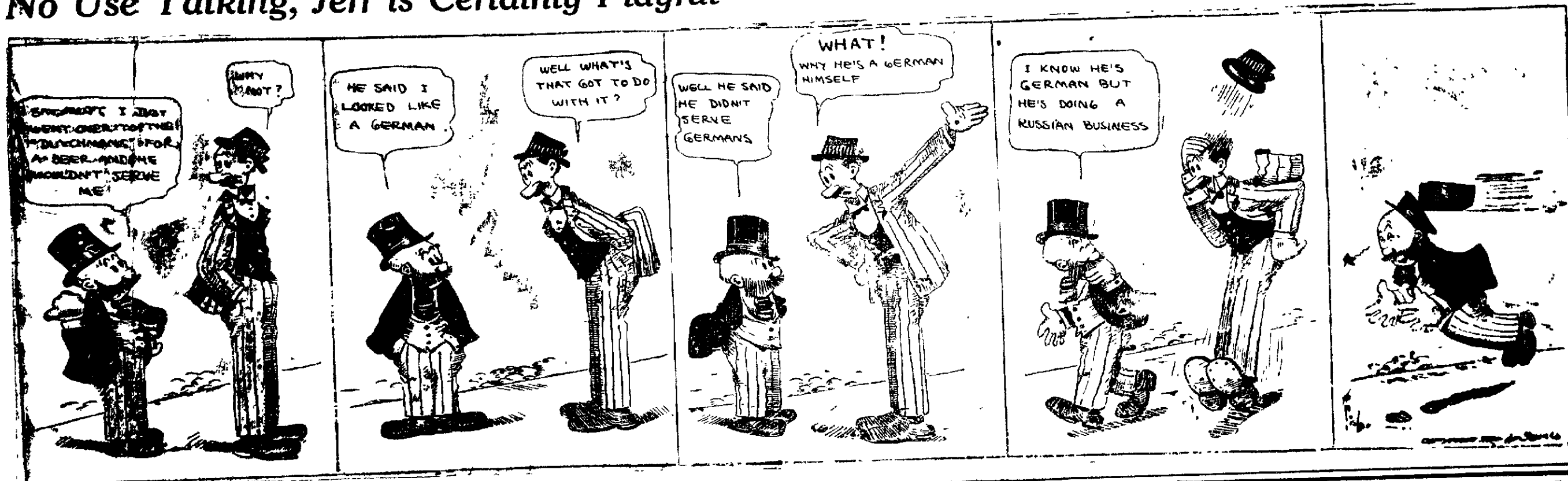
Paid in by Stockholders, \$225,000.00
Saved from Earnings, 865,000.00
Present Invested Capital, \$1,090,000.00

Our Facilities for Serving Customers in Every Department of Banking are Unsurpassed. We Welcome New Accounts Large or Small.

SPORTS PAGE

"Bud" Fisher

No Use Talking, Jeff is Certainly Playful



ON THE EVE OF THE BIG BATTLE

(Continued from 1st page.)

League on an infield fly, base runners may stand away from the base, and in case the fly is dropped they can go down to the next base at their own peril without first returning to the base they occupied and touching it.

In the American League, base runners must return to the base, not leave it until the ball is caught or strikes the ground or a player.

There is another slight difference. It is the rule on balks. In the National League, if a pitcher drops a ball while in the act of pitching it, it must be called a balk, and all base runners advance one base. If there is a man on third he is permitted to score. In the American League it is not a balk, runners taking chances on being put out if they try to advance on the misplay.

The umpires themselves will decide from day to day who shall officiate behind the plate. President Tener has selected Klem and Byran as umpires for the National League, while President Ban B. Johnson has picked Dingen and Hildebrand for the American League.

So much has been written and printed about the respective strengths of the two teams in the various departments of play that fans must now be thoroughly informed. However, it would do no harm to run over the main points, something as a school-boy runs over his outline just before entering the door of the dread exam hall.

The Athletics' first claim in "the dope" is based on their winning of the world's championship last year. They are a steady lot, a wonderful machine, which has seldom failed for two seasons. But, on the other hand, their record recently has not approached that of the Braves. These Boston boys came up from the last place to the leadership of the National League in six weeks. This is an achievement, which must place George Stallings in the Napoleon class as a manager. His admirers say he is the greatest baseball general who ever planned and executed a campaign.

Stallings' sensations are untold, however, as far as World's series play is concerned. We know what the Athletics can do in a world's series, but there's an uncertainty about the Hub aggregation.

Considering the matter in the most cool and calculating manner the Athletics should win on statistics with little trouble. However, statistics are barred from the diamond much more effectually than notes are barred from the examination room. They don't count at all when three men are on bases and somebody is taking a whang at the sphere.

With three really remarkable pitchers like James, Rudolph and Tyler going at their best the batting prowess of the Athletics may receive a setback. Boston partisans maintain that the Mackmen will not be able to hammer the pitching of the Boston triple alliance.

heavy hitting club is always dangerous. It is apt to hit all kinds of pitching at all times.

Another suggestion for contemplation. It is not reasonable to believe that under normal conditions a club of Boston's calibre could ride roughshod over every club in the National League on its merits alone. The fact is that the opposition in the National League this year has been much weaker than in several seasons.

The Athletics are slightly superior to the Braves in base-running. Their average programme is a little larger. In Eddie Collins they have a magnificent base-stealer. He is even better than Johnny Evers in this specialty. Columns have been written in comparison of these two baseball stars. Probably no one will ever be able to decide finally which is the greater.

Both teams have magnificent catchers. Gowdy, the Boston youngster, is heady and cool and shows good judgment in signalling for balls. Schanz, in addition to being a great backstop is a hard hitter. Both men have fine throwing arms.

In hitting the Braves have been recently slightly above the Athletics on form. The Braves, too, have fielded better than the Athletic regulars. The best three Athletic pitchers are about the equal so far as one can measure such things, to the great Boston triumvirate.

Then there is the psychological factor to consider. The Braves are confident with repeated victories. Their great rush upward has filled their hearts with hopes for the greatest honor possible. The Athletics on the other hand, have been in somewhat of a slump. Their form the last half of the season has fallen off slightly.

The greatest factor remains to be mentioned. This is luck. The team which "gets the breaks" will probably win. Some John McGraw, for instance, go so far as to call luck 70 per cent of baseball. This probably is an overestimate, but luck is never to be overlooked. Remember how Rohe, a substitute in the White Sox delivered back in 1906 two hits that gave the Sox the championship of the world? Rohe was regarded as the weakest hitter on the team! Here also should be resurrected the celebrated miff of Snodgrass which gave the Red Sox the title of 1912.

Experience has shown that a team runs true to form in a world series. The extra strain does not tell on the men's playing. Baseball players are not given to "nerves" anyway. Pure luck effects the result, but the men are shown by history to field and bat just about as well as they ordinarily do. This fact may be taken as an argument for the chances of the Athletics.

In calculating how many games the series will go it may be remembered that not once in the ten series which have taken place has a team won in the minimum of four games. The series has been finished five times in five games.

Here is the official eligible list of players: Athletics—Connie Mack, Mgr., Baker, Barry, Bender, Bressler, Bush, Collins, Coombs, Davies, Davis, Kopf, Lepp, McAvoy, Melnis, Murphy, Oldring, Pennock, Plank, Schanz, Strunk, Thomas, Thompson, Walsh, Wyckoff and Shawkey.

Boston—George Stallings, Mgr., Cather, Coombs, Connolly, Cottrill, Crutcher, Davis, Deal, Devore, Dugery, Evers, Foster, Gowdy, Hess, James, Maravich, Mann, Martin, Mitchell, Moran, Rudolph, Schmidt, Smith, Tyler, Whaling, Willet, Strand.



MEN MATTY TRAINS TO HUMBLE ATHLETICS.

George Tyler (at left) and Dick Rudolph, premier twirlers of Boston B. aves. Insert picture of Christy Mathewson the Giant star.

Having been cheated out of the opportunity to meet the Athletics for the world's championship themselves, Manager McGraw and Christy Mathewson are anxious that when the Braves meet them they shall beat them. In order to better insure the end they desire both men have volunteered to coach the Braves for the world's series.

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FOR SALE:—Smith Premier typewriter, model No. 4. In excellent condition. A bargain at \$15.00. Raymond Reed, 507 Turnpike avenue.

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LOST:—Baby's ring, with initial "C" between Sixth street and hospital. West Side, Finder report to Progress office and receive reward.

PUBLIC SALE—Will sell all my household goods and furnishings at public sale at 1 P. M. October 14, 1914 Daisy street.

F. P. KABEL.

Help wanted—You can always secure the best kind of domestic or office help by using the Progress classified ads.

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WANTED—Work by the day, or will go out to do washing. Call at Progress office.

WANTED:—Woman wants work by the day. Address L. Care of Progress.

FOR SALE:—A kind gentle driving horse. Reasonable price. Singer Sewing Machine Co.

Cooked Food Sale. A cooked food sale will be held at office of Penn Public Service company on Saturday, October 10, by the Womans club.

FOR SALE:—1914 Two-Speed Tourist Standard Model Indian Motorcar. Equipped with electric head and tail lights, storage batteries, electric horn, speedometer, tandem, filter, clock and full set tools. Machine run only 1,500 miles and is in perfect condition. Price \$225. Raymond D. Brett, 602 Daisy street.

Oliver Typewriter Ribbons — the best on the market — may be had at the Clearfield Progress office. Any color of ribbon, price 50c. If by mail, remit 60c and ribbons will be forwarded promptly.

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